

THE
NEW ZEALAND GAZETTE.

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Districts constituted under "The Marriage Act, 1880."

(L.S.)

RANFURLY, Governor.

A PROCLAMATION.

IN pursuance and exercise of the power and authority vested in the Governor by "The Marriage Act, 1880," I, Uchter John Mark, Earl of Ranfurly, the Governor of the Colony of New Zealand, do hereby abolish the existing marriage district known as the Castlepoint District, and do proclaim and declare that the territory heretofore comprised within the said district is hereby divided anew into two marriage districts, the names and boundaries whereof shall be as follow:—

PONGAROA DISTRICT.

All that area in the Wellington Land District bounded towards the north-east generally by the Patangata County, as described in the *New Zealand Gazette* No. 96, 22nd November, 1900, from the summit of the Puketoi Range to the left bank of the Akitio River; thence by the left bank of that river to the ocean; thence towards the south-east by the ocean to the right bank of the Aohanga River; thence towards the south generally by the right bank of the said Aohanga River to the Waingongoro Stream; thence by that stream and the Mataikona Native Reserve to Section No. 6, Block XI., Aohanga Survey District; thence by that section and the road forming the northern boundary of said Section No. 6 and of Section No. 7 to Spur Road; thence by the said Spur Road to Waiowaka Road; thence by the said Waiowaka Road to the southern boundary-line of Section No. 18, Block VI., Aohanga Survey District; thence by the southern boundary-line of the said Section No. 18 and by Section No. 23, Block IX. (Education Reserve), to Waihoki Road; thence by Waihoki Road to the eastern boundary of the Masterton County, as described in the *New Zealand Gazette* No. 106, 19th December, 1901; thence by the eastern and southern boundaries of the said Masterton County to the Waitawhiti Stream; thence by that stream to its confluence with the Tiraumea River; thence by the said Tiraumea River to the northern boundary-line of Section No. 61, Block VIII., Mangaone Survey District; thence towards the north-west generally by the northern boundary-line of the said Section No. 61 to its north-eastern corner; thence by a right line to Puketoi Trig. Station; and thence by the summit of the Puketoi Range to the place of commencement.

CASTLEPOINT DISTRICT.

All that area in the Wellington Land District bounded towards the north generally by the Masterton County as described in the *New Zealand Gazette* No. 106, 19th December, 1901, from the Waitawhiti Stream at the north-eastern corner of Section No. 127, Block XI., Puketoi Survey District, to the Waihoki Road; thence by the said Waihoki Road to the northern boundary-line of Section No. 23, Block IX., Aohanga Survey District (Education Reserve); thence by the northern boundary-line of that section and by Section No. 18, Block VI., to the Waiowaka Road; thence by the northern side of the said Waiowaka Road to Spur Road; thence by the northern side of the said Spur Road and of the road forming the northern boundaries of Sections Nos. 7 and 6, Block XI., Aohanga Survey District, to Section No. 5; thence by the said Section No. 5 to the Waingongoro Stream; thence by that stream to its confluence with the Aohanga River; thence by the said Aohanga River to the ocean; thence towards the south-east generally by the ocean to the Whareama River; thence towards the south-west generally by the right bank of that river to its confluence with the Mangapokia River; thence by the right bank of the said Mangapokia River to a point in line with the eastern boundary-line of Section No. 240, Block III., Rewa Survey District; thence by a right line to the south-eastern corner of the said Section No. 240; thence by Sections Nos. 240, 260, and 261, Block III. aforesaid, by Sections Nos. 739, 620, 619, 618, and 617, Block II., and Sections Nos. 522, 521, 520, and 525, Block I., Rewa Survey District, to the south-eastern boundary-line of Section No. 866, Block XIII., Mangapakeha Survey District; thence towards the west generally by Sections Nos. 866 and 868, Block XIII. aforesaid, and by Parts 2 and 1 of Section No. 863, Block X., to the Mangapakeha Road; thence by that road to south-eastern corner of Section No. 873, Block X. aforesaid; thence by Sections Nos. 873 and 872, said Block X., Sections Nos. 293, 292, 789, 788, 787, and 150, Block VI., and Sections Nos. 151, 152, 147, 146, 145, and 157, Block II., Mangapakeha Survey District, to the Taueru River; thence by a right line to the south-eastern corner of Section No. 128, Block XI., Puketoi Survey District; thence by that section and Section No. 127 to the Waitawhiti Stream at the north-eastern corner of the said Section No. 127, the place of commencement.

And I hereby declare that this Proclamation shall come into operation on the sixteenth day of July, in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and two.

Given under the hand of His Excellency the Right Honourable Uchter John Mark, Earl of Ranfurly; Knight Grand Cross of the Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George; Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over His Majesty's Colony of New Zealand and its Dependencies; and issued under the Seal of the said Colony, at the Government House, at Wellington, this twenty-third day of June, in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and two.

J. G. WARD.

GOD SAVE THE KING!

Districts constituted under "The Registration of Births and Deaths Act, 1875."

(L.S.) RANFURLY, Governor.

A PROCLAMATION.

IN pursuance and exercise of the power and authority vested in the Governor by "The Registration of Births and Deaths Act, 1875," I, Uchter John Mark, Earl of Ranfurly, the Governor of the Colony of New Zealand, do hereby abolish the existing registration district known as the Castlepoint District, and do proclaim and declare that the territory heretofore comprised within the said district is hereby divided anew into two registration districts, the names whereof shall be the Pongaroa and Castlepoint Districts, and the boundaries whereof shall be coterminous with the boundaries of the marriage districts bearing the same names, as are set forth in a Proclamation of even date herewith, made under the provisions of "The Marriage Act, 1880."

And I hereby declare that this Proclamation shall come into operation on the sixteenth day of July, in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and two.

Given under the hand of His Excellency the Right Honourable Uchter John Mark, Earl of Ranfurly; Knight Grand Cross of the Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George; Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over His Majesty's Colony of New Zealand and its Dependencies; and issued under the Seal of the said Colony, at the Government House, at Wellington, this twenty-third day of June, in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and two.

J. G. WARD.

GOD SAVE THE KING!

Land taken for a Street through Part of Section 25, Block XIV., Belmont Survey District.

(L.S.) RANFURLY, Governor.

A PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS the land mentioned in the Schedule hereto is required to be taken, under "The Public Works Act, 1894," for a certain work, to wit, for the purpose of a street in Section 25, Block XIV., Belmont Survey District:

And whereas an agreement has been entered into by the Council of the Borough of Lower Hutt, in terms of section twenty-six of the said Act, to take such land for the public work hereafter set forth:

And whereas a plan has been prepared, and the Minister has recommended the Governor to issue a Proclamation taking the land as required by the said Act:

Now, therefore, I, Uchter John Mark, Earl of Ranfurly, the Governor of the Colony of New Zealand, in exercise and pursuance of the powers and authorities in me vested by "The Public Works Act, 1894," and of every other power and authority in anywise enabling me in that behalf, and being satisfied of the sufficiency of the agreement hereinbefore referred to, do hereby proclaim and declare that from and after the date of the publication hereof in the *New Zealand Gazette* the land mentioned in the Schedule hereto is hereby taken for the purpose of a street, and shall vest in the Mayor, Councillors, and Burgesses of the Borough of Lower Hutt.

SCHEDULE.

Approximate Area of the Parcel of Land taken.	Being Portion of Section No.	Situated in Block No.	Situated in the Survey District of	Shown on Plan marked	Coloured on Plan
A. R. P. 0 0 28.5	25	XIV.	Belmont	R. 1149	Red.

In the Wellington Land District; as the same is delineated upon the plan coloured and marked as above mentioned, deposited in the office of the Chief Engineer of Roads, at Wellington, in the Wellington Land District.

Given under the hand of His Excellency the Right Honourable Uchter John Mark, Earl of Ranfurly; Knight Grand Cross of the Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George; Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over His Majesty's Colony of New Zealand and its Dependencies; and issued under the Seal of the said Colony, at the Government House, at Wellington, this twenty-fourth day of June, in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and two.

C. H. MILLS,
For Minister of Lands.

GOD SAVE THE KING!

Canceling a Proclamation.

(L.S.) RANFURLY, Governor.

A PROCLAMATION.

IN pursuance and in exercise of the powers conferred by section twenty-two, subsection one, of "The Public Works Act, 1894," and of all other powers and authorities enabling me in this behalf, I, Uchter John Mark, Earl of Ranfurly, the Governor of the Colony of New Zealand, do by this notice hereby cancel and annul the Proclamation dated the twelfth day of June, one thousand nine hundred and two, and published in the *New Zealand Gazette* No. 47, pages 1305-6, dated the nineteenth day of June, one thousand nine hundred and two, taking land for a street through part of Section 25, Block XIV., Belmont Survey District, as set forth in the Schedule thereto; and such Proclamation shall be void and of none effect as from the date of the same.

Given under the hand of His Excellency the Right Honourable Uchter John Mark, Earl of Ranfurly; Knight Grand Cross of the Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George; Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over His Majesty's Colony of New Zealand and its Dependencies; and issued under the Seal of the said Colony, at the Government House, at Wellington, this twenty-fifth day of June, in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and two.

C. H. MILLS,
For Minister of Lands.

GOD SAVE THE KING!

Vesting Control of the Tenguai Bridge in Levels County Council, and apportioning Cost of Maintenance.

(L.S.) RANFURLY, Governor.

A PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS by section one hundred and fourteen of "The Public Works Act, 1894" (hereinafter termed "the said Act"), it is, *inter alia*, enacted that the Governor may, upon the terms and conditions in the said section mentioned, by Proclamation publicly notified, direct that any bridge already constructed, or which may hereafter be constructed, over or across any river or arm of the sea respectively, shall, from and after a date to be fixed in such Proclamation, be under the exclusive care, control, and management of such local authority as shall be mentioned in that behalf in such Proclamation; and may by any such Proclamation as aforesaid fix and determine whether all or any, and, if so, what part, of the cost, whether theretofore incurred or thereafter to be incurred, of maintaining, repairing, improving, or reconstructing any such bridge, is to

be provided and paid by the local authority or local authorities, and, if so, by what local authority or authorities; and may by any such Proclamation as aforesaid direct how, when, and to whom any such payment is to be made:

And whereas it is expedient to make provision under the said Act for the purposes and in the manner hereinafter set forth:

Now, therefore, I, Uchter John Mark, Earl of Ranfurly, the Governor of the Colony of New Zealand, in pursuance and in exercise of the power and authority vested in me by the said Act, and of all other powers and authorities in anywise enabling me in this behalf, do hereby proclaim and direct that the said bridge shall, from and after the date of this Proclamation, be under the exclusive care, and control, and management of the Council of the County of Levels; and in further pursuance of the aforesaid powers and authorities I do hereby fix and determine that the cost of maintaining, repairing, improving, or reconstructing the said bridge shall be borne by the Council of the County of Levels in the proportion of two-thirds, and the Council of the County of Geraldine in the proportion of one-third, of the cost respectively.

And I do hereby also further direct that any contribution hereby required to be made as aforesaid by the Council of the County of Geraldine shall be paid from time to time respectively, in the proportion hereinbefore prescribed, out of the funds of the said county, within a period of thirty days after demand in writing made by or on behalf of the Council of the County of Levels; and all such payments shall be made from time to time to the Clerk of the said Council for and on account of such Council.

SCHEDULE.

THE bridge over the Tengawai River, on the Ophi Road, between the Ophi River and Pleasant Point, in the Ophi and Pareora Survey Districts, as the site of the said bridge is delineated upon the plan marked R. 2640, deposited in the office of the Chief Engineer of Roads, at Wellington.

Given under the hand of His Excellency the Right Honourable Uchter John Mark, Earl of Ranfurly; Knight Grand Cross of the Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George; Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over His Majesty's Colony of New Zealand and its Dependencies; and issued under the Seal of the said Colony, at the Government House, at Wellington, this twenty-fifth day of June, in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and two.

C. H. MILLS,
For Minister of Lands.

GOD SAVE THE KING!

Revoking Order in Council licensing J. A. Anderson to occupy a Part of Foreshore of Otago Harbour.

RANFURLY, Governor.

ORDER IN COUNCIL.

At the Government House, at Wellington, this thirtieth day of June, 1902.

Present:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS by Order in Council dated the twenty-eighth day of March, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-eight, and published in the *New Zealand Gazette* No. 24, of the seventh day of April following, His Excellency the Governor in Council did, in pursuance of the provisions of "The Harbours Act Amendment Act, 1888," license John A. Anderson, of Port Chalmers, to use and occupy a part of the foreshore of Deborah Bay, Otago Harbour, in the Provincial District of Otago, for the purpose of erecting and maintaining thereon a boat-shed in the position shown on, and in accordance with, plan marked M.D. 2185, and deposited in the office of the Marine Department at Wellington:

And whereas the said licensee has failed to pay the sums specified in clause three of the Order in Council aforesaid:

Now, therefore, His Excellency the Governor of the Colony of New Zealand, acting by and with the advice and consent of the Executive Council of the said colony, and in exercise of all the powers enabling him in that behalf, doth hereby revoke and determine the said recited Order in Council, and every right, power, and privilege conferred thereby or intended so to be.

ALEX. WILLIS,
Clerk of the Executive Council.

Post Office Regulations and Rates of Postage.

RANFURLY, Governor.

ORDER IN COUNCIL.

At the Government House, at Wellington, this thirtieth day of June, 1902.

Present:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS by Order in Council dated the first day of January, one thousand nine hundred and one, and published in the *New Zealand Gazette* of the ninth day of January, one thousand nine hundred and one, rules and regulations were made and rates of postage fixed under the authority of "The Post Office Act, 1900" (hereinafter termed "the said Act"), for the transmission of letters, books, packets, and newspapers through the post for places within New Zealand and beyond seas; and by an Order in Council made under the said Act, and dated the seventh day of January, one thousand nine hundred and one, and published in the *New Zealand Gazette* of the ninth day of January, one thousand nine hundred and one, and by two Orders in Council dated respectively the twenty-eighth day of April, one thousand nine hundred and two, and published in the *New Zealand Gazette* of the twenty-eighth day of April, one thousand nine hundred and two, such regulations and rates of postage were amended in the manner in such Orders in Council set forth:

And whereas by section eleven of the said Act it is prescribed that the Governor in Council from time to time may make regulations for the managing of post-offices and the conduct of business therein, and for the receiving, despatching, conveying, and delivering of postal packets (including the imposition of fees for private boxes, bags, or deliveries), for the insurance of registered postal packets, for the registration of newspapers, for the making, custody, sale, and use of special postage-stamps for the payment of postal charges, for licensing persons to sell postage-stamps, and for the several other purposes in such section set forth:

And whereas by section seventeen of the said Act it is prescribed that the postage and other charges payable within New Zealand upon postal packets posted within New Zealand for delivery within or transmission beyond New Zealand shall be levied according to such respective scales and at such respective rates as are fixed from time to time by the Governor in Council:

And whereas it is expedient to revoke the aforesaid Orders in Council, and in lieu thereof to make the rules and regulations and fix the rates of postage hereinafter mentioned:

Now, therefore, His Excellency the Governor of the Colony of New Zealand, in pursuance of the power and authority conferred upon him by the said Act, and of all other powers and authorities enabling him in this behalf, and acting by and with the advice and consent of the Executive Council of the said colony, doth hereby revoke the several Orders in Council set forth in the First Schedule hereto, and the rules, regulations, and rates of postage thereby prescribed respectively, and in lieu thereof doth hereby make the regulations specified in the Second Schedule hereto, and doth hereby order and declare that the rates of postage payable within the colony on letters, books, commercial papers, pattern and sample packets, and newspapers, for transmission to the several places within the colony and beyond seas respectively mentioned in the Schedule hereto, shall be those specified in such Second Schedule, and doth hereby further order and declare that such rates of postage shall in all cases be paid at or prior to the time such letters, books, commercial papers, pattern and sample packets, and newspapers are delivered into the post-office; and, further, that this Order in Council shall take effect on and after the date of its first publication in the *New Zealand Gazette*.

FIRST SCHEDULE.

Entitled	Of Date	Published in the <i>New Zealand Gazette</i> of Date
Post Office Regulations and Rates of Postage	1st January, 1901	9th January, 1901.
Registration of Newspapers	7th January, 1901	9th January, 1901.
Post Office Regulations and Rates of Postage: Australian Penny Rate	28th April, 1902	28th April, 1902.
Post Office Regulations: Prohibiting Postal Packets of an Objectionable Character	28th April, 1902	28th April, 1902.

SECOND SCHEDULE.

RATES OF POSTAGE.

Letters and Letter-cards.

Inland, the United Kingdom, British possessions, and countries enumerated in table at No. 1, under "Letters and Letter-cards." } 1d. for each $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. or fraction thereof.

NOTE.—"Inland" includes the **Cook Islands**—namely, Rarotonga, Mangaia, Atiu, Aitutaki, Mitiaro, Mauke, and Hervey (Manua); also **Palmerston** (Avarua), **Savage** (Niue), **Danger** (Pukapuka), **Rakaanga**, **Manahiki**, **Penrhyn** (Tongareva), and **Suwarrow** Islands.

All other places.. .. 2 $\frac{1}{2}$ d. for each $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. or fraction thereof.

Post-cards.

All places Single, 1d.; reply, 2d.

Books and Printed Papers.

All places $\frac{1}{2}$ d. for each 2oz. or fraction thereof.

Commercial Papers.

Town (for accounts, &c., only)	..	..	..	{ $\frac{1}{2}$ d. if not exceeding $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., or 1d. for the first 4oz. or fraction thereof, and $\frac{1}{2}$ d. for each succeeding 2oz. or fraction thereof.
Inland	..	..	..	{ 1d. for the first 4oz. or less, and $\frac{1}{2}$ d. for each succeeding 2oz. or fraction thereof.
All other places	..	..	..	{ 2 $\frac{1}{2}$ d. for the first 10oz., and $\frac{1}{2}$ d. for each succeeding 2oz. or fraction thereof.

Pattern and Sample Packets.

*All places { Not exceeding 4oz., 1d.; every additional 2oz. or fraction thereof, $\frac{1}{2}$ d.

Magazines (not registered).

All places except Queensland $\frac{1}{2}$ d. per 2oz. or fraction thereof.
 Queensland 1d. per 4oz. or fraction thereof.

Magazines (registered).

New Zealand, Australia (except Queensland and Western Australia)	Queens-	{ Each copy, not exceeding 2oz., $\frac{1}{2}$ d.; if over 2oz. to 8oz., 1d.; every additional 4oz. or fraction thereof, $\frac{1}{2}$ d.
Queensland	..	.. 1d. for 4oz. or fraction thereof.
Western Australia and other places	..	.. As for unregistered magazines.

Newspapers.

Town and Inland	..	.. $\frac{1}{2}$ d. each.
Australia (except Queensland) and South Sea Islands	..	.. 1d. each.
All other places (including Queensland)	..	{ 1d. each if not exceeding 4oz., and $\frac{1}{2}$ d. additional for every succeeding 2oz. or fraction thereof.

Parcels.

Inland	..	.. { 6d. for the first 1lb., and 3d. for each succeeding 1lb. or fraction thereof.
Australia and Norfolk Island	..	.. { 8d. for the first 1lb., and 6d. for each succeeding 1lb. or fraction thereof.
All other places	..	.. { See special tables under heading "British, Intercolonial, and Foreign Parcel Post."

Registration.

3d. for all places.

* There are special rates for Queensland, which see under heading "Patterns and Samples."

**GENERAL REGULATIONS.
LETTERS AND LETTER-CARDS.**

1. The prepaid rates of postage on letters and letter-cards posted in New Zealand are—

Inland, and to the following places		.. 1d. for each ½oz. or fraction thereof.
Aden	Gambia	Ningpo (British Postal Agency)
Akassa	Gibraltar	Norfolk Island
Amoy (British Postal Agency)	Gold Coast	Onitsha
Antigua (Leeward Islands)	Grenada (Windward Islands)	Opobo
Asaba	Grenadines (Windward Isl ds.)	Orange River Colony
Ascension	Hankow (British Postal Agency)	Pahang
Australia	Hoihow (British Postal Agency)	Paraguay
Bahama Islands	Hongkong	Perak
Barbados	Idda	Peru
Benin	India	Pitcairn Island
Bermudas	Italy	Portugal
Bonny	Jamaica	Portuguese Colonies
Borgu	Johore	St. Helena
Brass	Labuan	St. Kitt's (Leeward Islands)
British Central Africa Protectorate	Lagos	St. Lucia (Windward Islands)
British East Africa Protectorate	Lakoja	St. Vincent (Windward Islands)
British Guiana	Leeward Islands—	Sarawak
British Honduras	Antigua	Selangor
British North Borneo	Dominica	Servia
British Postal Agencies in China—	Montserrat	Seychelles
Amoy	Nevis	Shanghai (British Postal Agency)
Canton	St. Kitt's	Sierra Leone
Foochow	Virgin Islands	Siam
Hankow	Liberia	Society Islands
Hoihow	Liu Kung Tau (British Postal Agency)	Solomon Islands
Liu Kung Tau	Malay States (Protected)—	Straits Settlements
Ningpo	Negri-Sembilan	Swatow (British Postal Agency)
Shanghai	Pahang	Switzerland
Swatow	Perak	Tobago
Burutu	Selangor	Tonga
Calabar (New and Old)	Malta	Transvaal
Canada	Mauritius	Trinidad
Canton (British Postal Agency)	Mexico	Turks Islands
Cape Colony	Montserrat (Leeward Islands)	Uganda
Ceylon	Natal	United Kingdom
Chili	Negri-Sembilan	Virgin Islands (Leeward Islands)
Costa Rica	Nevis (Leeward Islands)	Warree or Forcados
Cyprus	Newfoundland	Windward Islands—
Dominica (Leeward Islands)	New Hebrides	Grenada
Ducie Island	Nicaragua	Grenadines
Easter Island	Niger Territory (including Borgu, Idda, and Lakoja)	St. Lucia
Egypt	Niger Coast Protectorate (including Akassa, Asaba, Benin, Bonny, Brass, Burutu, Calabar (New and Old), Onitsha, Opobo, and Warree or Forcados)	St. Vincent
Falkland Islands		Zanzibar
Fiji		
Foochow (British Postal Agency)		
Forcados or Warree		
All other places	.. ..	.. 2½d. for each ½oz. or fraction thereof.

2. Letters not fully prepaid or posted wholly unpaid are charged double the deficiency at the prepaid rate on delivery.

3. No letter should exceed 2ft. in length or 1ft. in width or depth.

4. **Coin, bank-notes, or other paper-money, cheques, &c., can be sent by letter-post only. All letters containing coin, bank-notes, or jewellery must be registered.**

Late-fee Letters, &c.

5. Late-fee letters must be paid 1d. in addition to the ordinary postage. Such letters may, as a general rule, be posted at the post-office up to twenty minutes of the time the mail leaves the office, and in the railway travelling post-offices, guards' vans, and on board steamers up to the time of departure of train or steamer. Late-fee letters or commercial papers posted on board trains and steamers without the fee will be charged the late-fee on delivery. A concession is, however, made in respect to letters, &c., posted on trains while at a flag-station or railway-siding at a place where there is no post-office. On letters, &c., so posted, no late-fee is charged if the words "Posted at [Name of flag-station or siding]" are written or printed on the address side of the letter.

Consignees' Letters and Loose Letters.

6. Consignees' letters are letters in closed covers concerning goods, and sent at the same time as the goods. They must be marked "Consignee's Letter." They are not liable to the late-fee if for delivery within the colony. Loose letters are letters other

than consignees' letters which make part or the whole of their journey before being handed to the post-office.

7. Letters sent loose to the United Kingdom are treated on arrival as wholly unpaid letters. Loose letters for Australia must bear a late-fee or they will be surcharged on arrival.

POST-CARDS.

Rates of Postage.

1. The rates of postage are—
- | | | | | | | |
|------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|----------------------------------|
| All places | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | { Each single post-card, 1d. |
| | | | | | | { Each reply-paid post-card, 2d. |

How treated.

2. The face is reserved for the postage-stamp, for inscriptions relating to the Postal Service—such as "Registered," "Acknowledgment of Delivery," &c.—and for the address, which may be written or shown on a gummed label not exceeding 2 in. in length by 1 in. in width.

3. Engravings or advertisements may be *printed* on the face as well as on the back of cards, provided sufficient space is left for a clear address and for date-stamping. The name and address of the sender may also be written, printed, or stamped on the face or back.

4. On the reverse side any letter or other matter may be written, printed, engraved, or designed. Excepting stamps for prepayment and the address-labels above mentioned, nothing whatever may be joined or attached to a post-card for a place beyond the colony. For delivery within the colony receipt-stamps or slips of paper may be attached to post-cards, provided the total weight does not exceed $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. Stamps cut from post-cards or newspaper-wrappers cannot be used for postage on letters, packets, or newspapers, or for payment of telegrams.

Reply Cards.

5. The reply-half of a reply-card must not merely be addressed to the country of origin, but must have been received attached to the corresponding half, otherwise double post-card rate will be charged. Each of the two halves must fulfil the conditions laid down for single post-cards. One-half must be doubled over the other, and the cards must not be closed up in any manner whatsoever. If the conditions applying to single post-cards are infringed, reply-cards are treated as letters. The sender of a post-card with a reply-half may indicate his name and address on the reply-half either in writing or by attaching a gummed label.

Irregular or Unpaid.

6. Any post-card exhibiting anything of an obscene, libellous, or obviously objectionable character will be detained and sent to the Dead Letter Office.

7. Post-cards infringing any of the above rules, except the last, are treated as unpaid letters.

8. Post-cards posted insufficiently prepaid or unpaid (such as private cards or post-cards not issued by New Zealand, or cards which have already been used for transmission) will be charged double deficiency at post-card rates.

Private Cards.

9. Private cards, including pictorial cards, bearing adhesive stamps may also be used as post-cards. They must be composed of ordinary cardboard not thicker than that used for post-cards of the post-card pattern. The size must not be more than 5 $\frac{1}{2}$ in. by 3 $\frac{1}{2}$ in., and not less than 3 $\frac{1}{2}$ in. by 2 $\frac{1}{2}$ in. For inland transmission the cards may be entirely plain; but for transmission to places beyond the colony single cards must bear the words, printed or written, "Post-card," and reply-cards the words "Post-card Reply." To other than English-speaking countries these words must appear in French, "Carte Postale," "Carte Postale Réponse." They are otherwise treated like officially issued post-cards. Private cards will be received from the public, and impressed with the penny postage-stamp, under conditions which may be ascertained upon application to the Secretary, General Post Office, Wellington.

BOOK-POST.

1. The book-post is divided into two classes: (a) Commercial Papers, and (b) Printed Papers. For transmission by book-post as a "commercial paper" or "printed paper" articles must be sent in covers *entirely open at one or both ends, or in open envelopes with the flap turned inside.*

NOTE.—Letters will not pass as commercial papers even if they are sent in open covers. The only way to send a letter is by letter-post, or by writing it on the back of a post-card or on a letter-card. Writing in commonly unknown characters such as Chinese, &c., will render the packet liable to letter rates of postage.

(A.) COMMERCIAL PAPERS.

Rates of Postage.

2. For delivery from the office at which posted (town deliveries) the following documents, if not exceeding $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., may be sent for $\frac{1}{4}$ d.:—

Accounts (receipted or unreceipted), formal receipts, invoices, premium renewal notices, demands for rates or calls. (See conditions below.)

With the foregoing exceptions, the postage for commercial papers is—

(a.) Within New Zealand,—

For delivery from any other office than that at which posted, and for town papers exceeding ½oz. } Not exceeding 4oz. ... 1d.
 For every additional 2oz. or fraction thereof ... ½d.

(b.) To all other places... } For any weight not exceeding 10oz. ... 2½d.
 For every additional 2oz. or fraction thereof ... ½d.

Definition.

3. Commercial papers include all papers or documents written or drawn wholly or partly by hand (except letters or communications of the nature of letters, or other papers or documents having the character of an actual and personal correspondence). Any expression in the following table referring to print or printing shall be held to include type-printing, engraving, lithography, or autography, &c., easy to recognise. The expression "writing" shall be held to include type-writing as well as ordinary script.

4. The following documents, provided they conform to the conditions, are regarded as commercial papers:—

Description of Document.	Conditions.
Acceptances, bills of exchange, invoices, bills of lading (separately or enclosed with invoices),* consignees' advice-notes (marked "consignee"),* drafts, promissory notes, orders for goods (sent by commercial travellers), pay-sheets, ships' manifests, way-bills Accounts (received or unreceived), formal receipts, invoices, premium renewal notices	Nothing may appear in writing in the documents save dates, the names and addresses of the parties, the particulars and prices of any goods, or the particulars of any sums of money to which the document relates, and the mode of consignment of any such goods or money. Any other matter shall be wholly in print, and shall relate exclusively to the subject-matter of the document, or the terms on which business is transacted, by the person or firm issuing the document. Only accounts, &c., with printed envelopes for replies if desired, may be enclosed in the same envelope. The words "With thanks" may be added to receipted accounts, but anything, printed or written, in the nature of a request for payment will subject the account to letter rates of postage.
Demands for rates or calls	Nothing to appear beyond the name of the local body or the company issuing the notice and a demand for the amount due, together with extracts from any Act or Articles of Association fixing penalties for non-payment, &c.
Affidavits, briefs, deeds, depositions, powers of attorney, recognisances, scrip	Nothing to appear in writing or print which does not form part of the document as a legal instrument.
Proposals and policies of insurance and proof of loss, private friends' and medical reports concerning proposals for insurance, returns of banks, public companies, &c., proxy forms, pass-books, cheque-books, stock-sheets, balance-sheets	The document, as a rule, to consist of a printed form. Any written matter on such document to consist merely of information or statements appropriate to the form and necessary to the completion of the document.
Manuscript for press, manuscript sermons	Any written or printed matter not forming part of the document must refer solely to the arrangement of the type. The covers must be marked "Manuscript for press," &c.
Specifications (with and without plans), examination papers, pupils' exercises with corrections but without comment thereon, written music	Any written or printed matter not forming part of the document itself must relate exclusively to its subject-matter.
Old or spent letters (packets of) within New Zealand and the Australian States. To other countries they may be posted at letter-rates only.	The letters must clearly have served their original purpose, and must be at least two months old. Diaries are not accepted as commercial papers.

* See special regulations affecting bills of lading and consignees' advice-notes when posted loose on trains and steamers.

(B.) PRINTED PAPERS (INCLUDING BOOKS).

5. The postage for printed papers, except newspapers, is—

To any place within or beyond New Zealand ... } ½d. per 2oz. or fraction thereof.

6. Copies of *Hansard*, if enclosed in the authorised wrapper, will be sent free of charge to any place within the colony.

Definition.

7. Printed papers generally comprise all impressions or copies obtained on paper, parchment, or cardboard, by means of printing, engraving, lithography, autography, or any other mechanical process easy to recognise, except the copying-press or type-writer; anything, not of glass, usually attached or appurtenant to any of the undermentioned articles in the way of binding, mounting, or otherwise; and anything convenient for their safe remission by post. No writing whatever is allowed on printed papers, except as specified hereafter.

8. Cards bearing the inscription "Post-card" are not accepted at the rate for "printed papers."

9. For places within New Zealand and Australia *obliterated* postage-stamps, if registered, may be sent at printed-paper rates of postage, but, with the one exception that stamped and addressed single envelopes or single post or letter cards to be used for replies may be enclosed with circulars, &c., packets of *uncancelled* stamps must be paid for at registered-letter or parcel rates. For all other countries postage-stamps, whether obliterated or not, and all printed articles or stamps constituting the sign of a monetary value, are excluded from transmission as printed papers, and must bear letter or parcel rates of postage.

10. The following is a list of the more prominent articles accepted as "Printed Papers":—

Description of Article.	Remarks.
Books, magazines, &c. (stitched or bound), drawings, engravings, fashion-plates, maps, printed music, notices of all kinds entirely printed, paintings, papers impressed for the use of the blind or cardboard drawing-models stamped in relief, photographs and albums containing photographs, pictures, plans, valentines	A dedication may be written on books, sheets of music, photographs, and engravings, and the invoice relating to any such work enclosed.
Christmas or other seasonable or complimentary cards	A complimentary or conventional remark, and the names and addresses of the sender and addressee may be written. (For example: "To John Smith, with best wishes from Mary Smith, Christmas, 1898.")
Cards of invitation, notices of meetings	Cards bearing communications such as "Write soon," "Hoping to see you shortly," &c., must be paid for at letter rates. The name of the person invited, and the date, object, and place of the gathering, may be added in manuscript. In notices of meeting of Friendly and other Societies the amount of any subscription due may also appear in writing.
Labels, blank or printed	In packets.
Visiting-cards	The address and title of the sender, as well as good wishes, congratulations, thanks, condolences, or other formulæ of courtesy, expressed in five words at most, may be added in writing.
Travellers' cards	Cards to be not larger in size than 5½ in. x 3½ in., and not less than 3½ in. x 2½ in., merely advising customers of the intended visit of the traveller. The name of the traveller, the place and the date of his visit, may be inserted in writing, and a list of prices current printed on the back of the card. The list of prices may be in writing, but no other matter, except as stated below, whether printed or written, will be permitted. If the card is not enclosed in an envelope, the whole of one side must be reserved for the postage-stamps and the address, and, if required, the words "With compliments." Cards may be folded, and when folded must conform with the above measurement.
Ships' advices	The date of departure may be added in writing.
Catalogues, prices-current, stock- and share-lists, tenders for advertisements	The prices and figures may be inserted or altered in manuscript.
Circulars, <i>i.e.</i> , printed letters posted in quantity and bearing internal evidence that they are intended for transmission in identical terms to the several addressees	Circulars may be corrected in writing, and the date of despatch and the name and address and description of the sender and addressee may be inserted in writing.
<p>NOTE.—Printed letters posted singly, and which are of the nature of an actual and personal correspondence, must be paid for as letters. For example, printed letters or slips, such as "You are requested to call at this office without delay," "Your account is very much overdue, and must be settled forthwith," cannot be accepted as circulars unless at least twenty copies in identical terms are posted at one time.</p>	If produced by any other mechanical process than printing, at least twenty copies must be submitted to the post-office simultaneously for posting, and special attention called to their nature. The word "Circular" must be written or printed on the circular and on the envelope containing it. Inland circulars may, when posted in quantities of not less than 1,000 at one time, be prepaid in cash instead of stamps. A few hours' notice should in such case be given to the Postmaster.
Newspaper cuttings	The title, date, number, and address of the publication from which the clipping is made may be added.
Obliterated postage-stamps addressed to places within New Zealand and Australia. For other places see paragraph 9	If registered.
Proofs of printing, with or without the manuscript relating thereto	Manuscript additions and alterations relating to the subject-matter or the arrangement or correction of the type may be inserted.
Prospectuses	Wholly printed and without note or comment.

11. The expressions referring to printing include any species of type-printing, engraving, lithography, autography, &c., easy to recognise.

When Writing is permitted.

12. Printed papers, of which the text has been modified after printing, either by hand or by means of a mechanical process, except as specified herein, or which bear any mark whatever of such a kind as to constitute a conventional language, cannot be sent at printed-paper rates.

13. As exceptions to the above rule, it is permitted—

- (a.) To indicate *on the outside* of the paper the name, commercial standing, and address of the sender;
- (b.) To indicate or alter in a printed paper, in manuscript or by a mechanical process, the date of despatch, the signature, and the commercial standing or profession, as well as the address, of the sender;
- (c.) To correct errors in printing in printed documents;
- (d.) To mark through certain parts of a printed text, in order to render them illegible;
- (e.) To make prominent, by means of marks, passages of the text to which it is desired to draw attention;
- (f.) In forms of order or subscription for books, newspapers, engravings, pieces of music, to indicate in manuscript the works required or offered, and to erase or underline the whole or part of the printed communications;
- (g.) To paint fashion-plates, maps, &c.

14. Additions made in manuscript, or by means of a mechanical process, which would deprive a printed paper of its general character and give it that of individual correspondence or communication, are forbidden.

GENERAL BOOK-POST REGULATIONS.

APPLYING TO BOTH "PRINTED PAPERS" AND "COMMERCIAL PAPERS."

How to Pack.

15. A book-packet may be posted either without a cover (in which case it must not be fastened in any way) or in a cover entirely open at one or both ends, so as to admit of the contents being easily withdrawn for examination. **If an envelope be used, it must be entirely open at one end, or the flap turned inside. Small slits cut in the ends of closed envelopes are not regarded as leaving a packet open for inspection.** For the greater security of the contents, however, it may be tied at the ends with string, but the string must be easy to unfasten. Packets containing bank pass-books are allowed to pass at printed-paper rates if the covers are sufficiently open at the ends to enable the pass-books to be identified as such.

16. Address-cards and all printed matter of the form and substance of an unfolded card may be forwarded without wrapper, envelope, fastening, or fold. The face is reserved for the postage-stamps, indications relative to the Postal Service, and the address. The sender is permitted to indicate there his name, profession, and address, by means of a stamp, autograph stamp, or any other typographical process. Requisitions to libraries may bear the printed words "Library Order" (or Requisition).

Limits of Size and Weight.

17. The limits of size for book-packets are 18in. in any direction. If made up in the form of a roll, a packet may measure up to 2ft. 6in. in length and 4in. in diameter. Packets exceeding these limits will be detained and sent to the Dead Letter Office. The weight must not exceed 4lb.

Short Paid or Irregularly Posted.

18. Book-packets posted wholly unpaid, if addressed to countries beyond New Zealand, are detained, advertised for one month on a list exhibited at the office of posting, and, if not paid for in the meantime, sent to the Dead Letter Office. Unpaid or insufficiently prepaid packets addressed to any place within the colony, and insufficiently prepaid packets for places beyond the colony, are sent to destination, charged with double the deficiency, at prepaid rate, on delivery.

19. If "commercial papers" or "samples" are enclosed with "printed papers" the rates for "commercial papers" or "samples" respectively must be paid.

20. "Commercial papers" and "printed papers," photographs, cards, &c., marked on the outside as such, bearing or containing writing other than that authorised, or closed against inspection, or containing enclosures not authorised by the foregoing rules, or any enclosure addressed to a name which differs from that on the cover, if addressed for any place within the colony, are sent to destination surcharged simple letter rate, *minus* the postage already prepaid. (The fine on open packets not to exceed 6d., unless the written matter enclosed represents more than a foolscap sheet of writing.) If addressed to any place beyond New Zealand the packets are detained and sent to the Dead Letter Office.

PATTERNS AND SAMPLES.

Rates of Postage.

1. The rates of postage for patterns and samples are—

For all places within and beyond New Zealand, except Queensland	{ For each packet not exceeding 4oz. ... 1d. For each additional 2oz. or fraction thereof ½d.
For Queensland	
	For each 2 oz. or fraction thereof ... 1d.

2. Unpaid or insufficiently prepaid pattern or sample packets are treated in the same manner as unpaid or insufficiently prepaid "printed papers."

3. If "commercial papers" are included in a pattern or sample packet, then the rates applicable to "commercial papers" must be paid on such packets. "Printed papers" may be enclosed with pattern and sample packets.

4. Pattern and sample packets (except such as are absolutely prohibited) bearing or containing writing beyond that authorised in **section 10**, or such as may be closed against inspection, or contain enclosures not authorised by these rules, if posted for any place within the colony, are sent to destination surcharged simple letter rate, less the postage already affixed. (The fine on open packets will not exceed 6d. if the written matter does not represent more than a foolscap sheet of writing.) If addressed to any place beyond the colony the packets will be detained, and sent to the Dead Letter Office for disposal.

Definitions.

5. The pattern and sample post for places beyond New Zealand is restricted to *bonâ fide* trade patterns or samples of merchandise, and natural-history specimens not forwarded for commercial purposes. Patterns or samples must possess no saleable value, or they will be detained and sent to the Dead Letter Office. Packets containing articles of saleable value may be sent at sample rates to any place within New Zealand. Packets containing watches, jewellery, &c., may be sent under this regulation, but must, if the value exceeds ten shillings, be registered.

6. Samples of eider-down, raw or thread silk, woollen or goats' hair thread, vanilla, or isinglass are deemed inadmissible if they weigh more than 3oz.

7. *Wedding-cake* may be forwarded by sample-post to places within New Zealand and Australia if securely packed in tin boxes and marked "Packet Post." For other places beyond the colony wedding-cake must be paid for at letter rates of postage or sent by parcel-post, but must be enclosed in tin boxes.

8. Packets not *bonâ fide* samples or patterns may be sent by parcel-post to any of the countries with which parcel-post exchanges exist.

How to Pack.

9. Patterns or samples, when practicable, must be sent in covers open at the end, and packed in such manner as to be easy of examination; but samples of seeds, drugs, and such-like articles, which cannot be sent in covers of this kind, may be posted enclosed in boxes or in bags of linen, or other material, fastened in such a manner that they may be readily opened. (See "Dangerous Articles.")

No Writing allowed.

10. Patterns and samples must not bear any writing except the name and address of the sender, the address, a manufacturer's trade-mark, numbers, prices, and indications relative to weight or size, or to the quantity to be disposed of.

11. Writing in characters such as Chinese, &c., will render the packet liable to letter rates of postage.

Dangerous Articles.

12. Such articles as scissors, knives, razors, forks, steel pens, nails, keys, watch-machinery, metal tubing, pieces of metal or ore, provided that they be packed and guarded in so secure a manner as to afford complete protection to the contents of the mail-bag and to the officers of the Post Office, while at the same time they may be easily examined, may be forwarded as samples.

13. *Articles of glass* must be securely packed in boxes of metal, wood, leather, or cardboard, so as to prevent all danger to correspondence or postal officers.

14. *Liquids, oils, and fatty substances* which are easily liquefied must be enclosed in glass bottles hermetically sealed. Each bottle must be placed in a wooden box furnished with sawdust, cotton-wool, or spongy material in sufficient quantity to absorb the liquid in case the bottle be broken. Finally the box itself must be enclosed either in a case of metal or of wood, with a screw top, or of strong and thick leather. When hollow wooden blocks, with minimum thickness of 2½ millimetres (about ¼ in.), are used with sufficient quantity of absorbent material inside, and provided with a lid, the blocks need not be enclosed in a second case.

15. *Fatty substances* which are not easily liquefied, such as ointments, soft-soap, resin, &c., the transmission of which offers less inconvenience, must be enclosed in an inner cover (box, bag of linen, parchment, &c.), which must itself be placed in a second box of wood, metal, or strong and thick leather.

16. *Dry powders*, whether dyes or not, must be placed in cardboard boxes which themselves are enclosed in a bag of linen or parchment.

Live Bees, Natural History Specimens, &c.

17. Live bees and harmless entomological specimens may be forwarded at sample-post rates to any place within the colony, Australia, the United Kingdom, and to the United States, provided they are enclosed in covers so constructed as to avoid all danger and to allow the contents to be ascertained. Live bees similarly packed may also be sent to all other places. Natural-history specimens, such as dried or preserved animals and plants, geological specimens, &c., when not sent for commercial purposes, are admitted to transmission as samples.

Limits of Size and Weight.

18. Packets addressed to places within New Zealand, Australia, or the United Kingdom must not exceed 2ft. in length, or 1ft. in width and depth. The maximum weight admissible to places within the colony and the United Kingdom is 5lb., and Australia 1lb. (See under "Prohibited Articles.")

19. Pattern and sample packets sent to any other place must not exceed 1ft. in length, 8in. in width, 4in. in depth, and 12oz. in weight, unless they be in the form of a roll, for which the maximum dimensions are limited to 1ft. in length and 6in. in diameter.

MAGAZINES.

For New Zealand and the Commonwealth of Australia (except Queensland and Western Australia)—Each copy of a registered magazine, not exceeding 2oz., ½d.; if over 2oz. and up to 8oz., 1d.; each additional 4oz. or fraction, ½d.

For Queensland—Not exceeding 4oz., 1d.; each additional 4oz. or fraction, 1d.

For Western Australia and other places, as for printed papers. Magazines are registered on application to the Secretary, General Post Office. Unregistered magazines are charged for at printed-paper rates.

The following is a list of magazines registered at the General Post Office up to the **31st March, 1902**:-

All the World.	Girls' Own Paper.	Photographic Art Journal.
Argosy.	Girls' Realm.	Physical Culture.
Artist.	Good Words.	Practical Photographer.
Art Journal.	Harmsworth's Magazine.	Quiver.
Atlantic Monthly.	Harper's Magazine.	Railway Magazine.
Badminton Magazine.	Home Life.	Royal Magazine.
Banner of Israel.	Home Magazine.	St. Nicholas.
Belgravia.	Home Notes.	Schild's Ladies' Fashions.
Blackwood's Magazine.	Hospital.	" Monthly Journal.
Bookman.	Idler.	" Mothers' Help.
Boys' Own Paper.	Junior Photographer.	Scribner.
Building World.	Knowledge.	Something to Read.
Canterbury Agricultural and Pastoral Association's Journal.	Ladies' Magazine.	Strand Magazine.
Cassell's Magazine.	Ladies' Realm.	Strand Musical Magazine.
" Penny Magazine.	Ladies' World.	Studio.
" Saturday Journal.	Leach's Dressmaker.	Sunday at Home.
Century.	Leisure Hour.	Sunday Chimes.
Chambers's Journal.	London Journal.	Sunday Strand.
Chapman's Magazine.	Longman's Magazine.	Tailor and Cutter.
Christian Herald.	McClure's Magazine.	Teachers' World.
Chums.	Macmillan's Magazine.	Temple Bar.
Contemporary Review.	Magazine of Art.	Temple Magazine.
Cornhill.	Munsey.	Universal and Ludgate Mag- azine.
Cosmopolitan.	National Review.	Weldon's Bazaar.
Covenant People.	Nature.	" Illustrated Dress.
Current Literature.	Nautical Magazine.	" Journal of Cos- tume.
Delineator.	New Review.	Weldon's Ladies' Journal.
Empire Review.	New Zealand Law Reports.	Wide World Magazine.
English Illustrated Magazine.	New Zealand Medical Journal.	Windsor Magazine.
Family Herald.	Nineteenth Century.	Woman at Home.
Family Reader.	Our Home.	Womanhood.
Figaro Illustrée.	Pall Mall Magazine.	Woman's Life.
Fortnightly Review.	Pearson's Magazine.	Work.
Garden.	Phonetic Journal.	Young Ladies' Journal.
Gardening.	Photogram.	

NEWSPAPERS.

Rates of Postage.

1. The postage for the transmission of newspapers is—
 - (a.) For places within the colony—For each newspaper, $\frac{1}{4}$ d.
 - (b.) For Australia (except Queensland) and the South Sea Islands—For each newspaper, 1d.
 - (c.) For other countries and Queensland—Each newspaper, 1d. for the first 4oz., and $\frac{1}{4}$ d. for each additional 2oz. or fraction thereof.
2. If more than one newspaper be enclosed in a packet, each newspaper must be prepaid, as if separate.
3. Newspapers, if addressed to places beyond the colony and posted unpaid, are detained and advertised as in the case of "printed papers." Unpaid and insufficiently prepaid newspapers intended for delivery within the colony, and insufficiently prepaid newspapers for places beyond the colony, are forwarded to destination charged double the deficiency at the prepaid rate.

Conditions of Transmission.

4. The proprietor or printer of a newspaper as defined in section 2 of "The Post Office Act, 1900," desiring to register the same under the said Act, shall forward an application for such registration to the Secretary of the General Post Office, Wellington. The application shall be accompanied by a copy of the newspaper, and by the registration-fee of 5s. Such newspaper shall be registered in a register to be kept for the purpose, and thereupon the newspaper will be entitled to pass through the post at the rates of postage fixed for registered newspapers. Any publication purporting to be a newspaper, but not registered as aforesaid, is liable to the rates of postage chargeable on printed papers.
5. A newspaper is a publication consisting wholly or in great part of political or other news, or of articles relating thereto or to other current topics, with or without advertisements. It may be printed and published in New Zealand or elsewhere, but shall be published in numbers at intervals of not more than thirty days. The full title and date of publication shall be printed at the top of the first page, and the whole or part of the title and the date of publication at the top of every subsequent page.
6. A supplement to a newspaper shall be deemed to be part of such newspaper for the purposes of the regulations, and shall consist wholly or in great part of matter like that of a newspaper, or of advertisements, printed on a sheet or sheets or on a piece or pieces of paper, or consisting wholly or in part of engravings, prints, or lithographs illustrative of articles in the newspaper. The supplement shall in every case be published with the newspaper, and shall have the title and date of publication of the newspaper printed at the top of every page, or, if it consist of engravings, prints, or lithographs, at the top of every sheet or side. Insets, advertising-sheets, or handbills are not allowed to pass as supplements.

Exemptions from Postage.

7. Single copies of newspapers addressed to the Manager, Librarian, or other person having the charge of any New Zealand Athenæum, Mechanics' Institute, Hospital, Lunatic Asylum, Public Library, Young Men's Christian Association, or Free Reading-room, which shall have been authorised to receive newspapers free of postage; to the Catholic Reading-room, Wellington; Sailors' Rests, Dunedin and Port Chalmers; Chambers of Commerce, Auckland and Dunedin; certain Charitable Institutions in the Christchurch Postal District; or to the Royal Colonial Institute, London, are permitted to pass through the post free. If directed to the care of the officer or to a name at the institution they will be treated as ordinary newspapers.

8. "Newspaper exchanges" (*i.e.*, single copies of newspapers exchanged between newspaper offices in the colony, and addressed to the Editor, Proprietor, Publisher, or Manager) are permitted to pass through the post free of postage. The title of the newspaper and the words "Newspaper Exchange only" must be written or printed on each cover above the address. Newspaper exchanges not complying with these rules will be charged as ordinary newspapers.

9. Not more than one copy of any issue of a newspaper intended for free transmission under the two preceding paragraphs will be forwarded free of charge. If more than one be posted not prepaid with postage a charge of 1d. will be made for each extra newspaper enclosed.

Must not contain Enclosure or Writing.

10. A newspaper for any place within the colony must not contain any enclosure other than the supplement or supplements proper to the newspaper. Any other printed enclosure contained therein will render the addressee liable to double the charge for "printed papers," less the postage affixed.

11. If a "commercial paper," "pattern," or "sample" be enclosed in a newspaper for any place within the colony, double the postage for "commercial papers" and "patterns and samples" respectively, less the postage affixed, will be charged.

12. A newspaper must not contain any writing beyond the name and address of the addressee, the initials or name and address of the sender, and any marks or signs simply intended to call attention to passages in a text.

13. Newspapers intended for delivery within the colony which infringe the preceding rule, or are fastened in their covers by means of gum, sealing-wax, postage-stamps, or otherwise, are sent to destination surcharged simple letter rate minus the postage affixed. The fine so imposed will, however, not exceed 6d. unless the writing enclosed represents more than one sheet of foolscap. Such newspapers, if addressed to any place beyond the colony, are detained and sent to the Dead Letter Office.

How to Pack.

14. A newspaper must be posted either without a cover or in a cover entirely open at both ends, so as to admit of its easy removal for examination.

15. Newspapers addressed to places beyond the colony are subject to the same conditions respecting dimensions and weight as "printed papers."

REGISTERED ARTICLES.

Fees in addition to Postage.

1. The fee for registration is 3d., in addition to the ordinary postage, and must be prepaid.

2. The sender of a registered article may obtain an acknowledgment of its due receipt by the addressee on payment, at the time of posting of the article, of an "acknowledgment fee" of 2½d., in addition to the ordinary registration fee. No inquiry as to the delivery of a registered letter will be made except by means of an Acknowledgment of Delivery form, to which must be attached the fee of 2½d.

What may be Registered.

3. Any letter, letter-card, post-card, book or other packet, newspaper, or inland parcel will be accepted for registration. Parcels for places beyond the colony, except the United States of America, cannot be registered.

4. No article directed to initials, or to a fictitious name, can be registered.

How and when to Register Letters, &c.

5. Every letter, &c., to be registered should be presented at the counter, and a receipt obtained for it, and must on no account be dropped into the letter-box.

6. No letter-carrier, messenger, or other servant of the Post Office is allowed to carry a letter for any person to be registered.

7. Letters may be registered during ordinary office-hours, and for despatch by any mail, up to within one hour before the closing of such mail.

Advantages of Registration.

8. The registration of an article renders its transmission much more secure, and the loss of a registered packet is a very rare occurrence.

Postmaster-General's Liability.

9. In the event of the loss of an inland registered letter or a registered letter from any country with which New Zealand has a reciprocal arrangement as to indemnities the Postmaster-General will be liable to pay a sum not exceeding £2, under the following conditions:—

1. The letter must be duly registered by the sender.

2. No compensation for loss will be given in respect of—

(1.) A letter containing any article which may not be lawfully sent by post.

(2.) Money, unless it be sent by letter-post, and then only on the following conditions being complied with:—

(a.) That any coins enclosed in the letter be packed in such a way as to move about as little as possible.

(b.) That the number, amount, bank of issue, and (where necessary) the date of any bank-note enclosed be supplied to the Postmaster-General when required.

(c.) That the amount and number of any postal note enclosed be supplied to the Postmaster-General when required.

(d.) That particulars sufficient to identify the document be supplied to the Postmaster-General in the case of any bill of exchange, bond, coupon, or other order or authority for the prepayment of money, or security for money, enclosed in the letter.

3. The compensation given in respect of loss shall not in the case of any letter exceed the sum of two pounds, whatever be the value of the contents, and shall in no case exceed the value of the article lost.

4. In every case it must appear that the loss did not arise wholly or in part by the fault of the sender, and that it occurred while the letter was in the post.

5. Evidence of the loss of a registered letter shall be given to the Postmaster-General by a statutory declaration made by or on behalf of the claimant, setting forth,—

(a.) The date when, and the place where, such letter was posted, so far as the same can be reasonably ascertained.

(b.) A description of the contents and value of such letter, so far as known to the claimant, and the fact of the loss.

(c.) Any other particulars required by these regulations, or tending to establish the facts of the loss and verify the claim made.

But the Postmaster-General may require any further or additional reasonable evidence to satisfy him as to any such alleged loss or value; or, where he deems the loss proved by other means, may dispense with the whole or any of the requirements of this regulation.

6. The Postmaster-General may in every case, if he thinks fit, reinstate the article lost instead of giving pecuniary compensation.

7. Where compensation is given, the Postmaster-General reserves the right to retain and dispose as he thinks fit of the letter or its contents in case it should subsequently come into his hands.

8. In no case will the Postmaster-General give compensation for injury or damage consequent upon the loss, damage, or delay of a letter, or any article contained therein.

9. Without prejudice to any of the preceding rules, the Postmaster-General may, if he thinks fit, refuse to give compensation for loss on any ground on which a common carrier might in like case claim exemption from legal liability. The decision of the Postmaster-General upon all questions of compensation is final.

Compulsory Registration.

10. Valuable articles sent in *unregistered* letters are exposed to risk. All inland and Australian letters or packets, therefore, which unquestionably contain coin, bank-notes, or jewellery, even though they be posted without registration, are treated as "registered," and charged double the registration fee, in addition to the ordinary postage; and any such letters, &c., which cannot be registered in time to be forwarded by the mail for which they are posted are detained for the next despatch.

Prohibitions.

11. It is prohibited to send to any of the countries mentioned in the "List of Countries to which Postal Union Rates are charged" any registered article marked on the outside with the declared value of the contents; and Postmasters must refuse to receive articles which are so marked.

12. It is forbidden to send coin, jewellery, or precious articles by letter-post to any of the same countries which are not marked (b).

13. Jewellery, &c., if addressed to countries which do not admit of their transmission by letter-post, and with which New Zealand has parcel exchanges, may be sent by parcel-post, except in cases in which they are specially prohibited; see special tables under heading "British, Intercolonial, and Foreign Parcel Post."

14. The registration to some countries is incomplete. In such cases articles are as a rule registered to the port of arrival, and the continuation of the registration thence to destination is left at the discretion of the country of arrival.

Redirection.

15. Registered articles are redirected free of charge on the same conditions as ordinary letters.

REDIRECTION.

Conditions of Free Redirection.

1. Redirected letters, post and letter cards, commercial papers, printed papers, newspapers, and sample-packets are treated as if they were addressed direct from the first office of posting to their ultimate destination, no charge whatever being made for intermediate redirections. When letters are fully prepaid for their first destination they are charged on delivery only the actual difference between the postage from the first office of posting to the ultimate place of destination and the postage originally affixed to the letters. Thus, a $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. letter prepaid 1d. and posted at Wellington for Auckland would be redirected free of charge thence to Dunedin, or to any place named in the table at the beginning of this Schedule. Telegrams readdressed for transmission by post are charged 1d.

Parcels treated differently.

2. Parcels are, when redirected, liable to additional postage at the prepaid rate for each redirection, except where the original and corrected addresses are both within a free delivery from the same post-office.

Redirection of Registered Letters.

3. Registered letters, &c., the redirection of which is desired after delivery, must not be dropped in the letter-box, but must be handed in at the office counter.

Notices of Removal.

4. Notices of removal and applications for the redirection of letters, &c., must in all cases be signed by the persons to whom the letters are addressed. The printed form of notice, which will be supplied on application at any post-office, should be used wherever practicable.

UNCLAIMED LETTERS.

1. On the first day of each month a list is exhibited at each post-office in the colony of the addresses of all letters received from places beyond the colony that have remained unclaimed for two months at such post-office, exclusive of the month in which they were received; and such of these letters as remain unclaimed at the end of a further period of one month are then forwarded to the Dead Letter Office, to be returned unopened to the countries where they originated. Unclaimed letters originating in the colony are not advertised, but at the end of one month are forwarded (excepting special-request letters to the Dead Letter Office, Wellington, there to be opened and returned to the writers.

2. Under section 22 of "The Post Office Act, 1900,"—

(1.) Every postal packet addressed to any person at any premises licensed under "The Licensing Act, 1881," or at any shipping office, or public or private lodginghouse, and delivered to or received by the licensee of such premises, or the person apparently in charge of such office or lodginghouse, or any one acting as the agent or servant of any such licensee or person, shall be deemed to be under the control of the Postmaster-General until delivered to the person to whom the same is addressed.

(2.) If the same is not so delivered within two months after the receipt thereof by or on behalf of such licensee or other person as aforesaid, and if instructions to the contrary are not received from the person to whom the same is addressed, the licensee or other person as aforesaid shall return the same to the nearest post-office, with the reasons therefor.

(3.) Every such postal packet shall be transmitted to the Dead Letter Office, and shall be there dealt with as undelivered.

(4.) If any such licensee or other person as aforesaid omits or fails to return any such postal packet as aforesaid he is liable to a penalty not exceeding five pounds.

(5.) The foregoing provision of this section shall extend and apply to telegrams transmitted by electric telegraph.

SPECIAL-REQUEST CORRESPONDENCE.

1. Letters and other articles posted in the colony, having the names and addresses of the senders written, printed, or embossed on the address side or on the fly of the envelopes, are returned unopened to the writers or senders by Chief Postmasters, when not claimed within thirty days; and all such articles which have, in addition, a request on the address side of the cover that the articles be returned if not claimed within a stated period, are also returned unopened by Chief Postmasters at the end of such period. No such articles, however, will be returned unless they have remained in the post-office to which addressed at least ten days. This section includes in the colony the possessions of the Cook Islands; also Palmerston (Avarua), Savage (Niue), Danger (Pukapuka), Rakaanga, Manahiki, Penrhyn (Tongareva), and Suwarrow Islands.

2. Letters and other articles originating outside the colony which bear a special request for return to the sender within a stated period are sent by Chief Postmasters at the end of such period to the Dead Letter Office, Wellington, for immediate return to the country of origin.

3. Letters and other articles of this class originating at hotels, clubs, or places of public resort are not returned unopened by Chief Postmasters unless, in addition to the printed or embossed address on the cover, the name of the actual sender also appears.

4. The above instructions do not apply to the following classes of correspondence, which, however, are sent at once to the Dead Letter Office after having been retained in accordance with paragraphs 1 and 2: Registered and official articles (excepting those of the latter class otherwise specially directed), surcharged articles, and letters containing coin.

5. Special-request articles are recommended to be marked as follows, near the left-hand upper corner: "If not claimed in ten days return to [name and address]." Unless the name of the sender as well as the address is given, the request for return will not be acceded to.

BUSINESS HOURS.

1. All post-offices are opened for delivery of letters, sale of stamps, receipt and delivery of parcels, and registration of letters, &c., from 9 a.m. to 5 p.m. (except as otherwise shown in the list of post-offices) on week-days only. Money-order and savings-bank business is transacted at certain offices and hours named in the list headed "Money Orders" in the Post and Telegraph Guide, on week-days only.

2. Certain post-offices specially authorised by the Postmaster-General may be closed during the periods of sorting and despatching mails.

3. *Post Office and Telegraph Holidays.*—The statutory post-office and telegraph holidays are New Year's Day, Easter Monday, the Prince of Wales' Birthday, the King's Birthday, and Boxing Day. When one of these days falls on a Sunday, the next day is observed as a holiday in lieu thereof. Partial holidays only are observed on Easter Monday and Boxing Day. Good Friday and Christmas Day are observed as Sundays.

DELIVERY.

1. To facilitate the delivery of letters a letter-box should be affixed to every house-door.

2. Deliveries from office counters, &c., are made from 9 a.m. to 5 p.m. on week-days, but certain post-offices specially authorised by the Postmaster-General may be closed during the periods of sorting and despatching mails.

3. Letter-carriers and messengers are prohibited from distributing any letters, newspapers, &c., except such as have passed through a post-office. They are not allowed to deliver in the street or elsewhere except at houses or places of business, even to addressees; nor are they allowed to deliver under doors. They are not permitted to receive any payment beyond the postage for the delivery or collection of any letter or newspaper, or to deviate from the route laid down for them. The prohibition, however, from receiving payment in addition to the postage does not extend to Christmas gratuities. For delivery of parcels by parcel-post, see regulations under "Parcel Post," printed elsewhere.

4. No person living within the town free delivery can claim to have his letters delivered at the office if a delivery by letter-carrier is about to take place; but letters which arrive by a mail, after which there is no immediate delivery by letter-carrier, may be obtained by any person on application at the office, so long as it is open for delivery.

5. Receipts must be given for all registered articles upon delivery thereof.

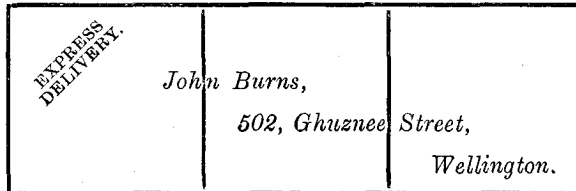
6. Letters addressed to the post-office, or to be kept till called for, may be obtained at the office, except where it is ascertained that it is the practice of persons living within the town delivery to have their letters so addressed, in which cases they will be sent out by letter-carrier. Letters for persons residing beyond any official delivery will be delivered on application at the office. It is not permitted to return any letter to the writer or sender, or to any one else, or to delay forwarding it to its destination according to the address, even though a request to such effect be written thereon (except under the provisions for special request, see "Special-request Letters"), as every letter must be delivered to the person to whom it is originally directed, and to him alone. Information must not be given by a postal officer respecting letters, &c., which pass through a post-office, except to the persons to whom they are addressed.

EXPRESS DELIVERY SERVICES.

1. There are express delivery services at the following offices :—

Ashburton,	Greymouth,	Oamaru,
Auckland,	Hawera,	Onehunga,
Blenheim,	Hokitika,	Palmerston North,
Bluff,	Invercargill,	Port Chalmers,
Christchurch,	Lyttelton,	Thames,
Dunedin,	Masterton,	Timaru,
Feilding,	Napier,	Wanganui,
Gisborne,	Nelson,	Wellington,
Gore,	New Plymouth,	Westport.

2. All letters and parcels not exceeding 3 lb. in weight, posted at any post-office, intended for express delivery, must be boldly and legibly marked on the left-hand side "Express Delivery," and two parallel lines drawn across the front and back of the letter or parcel, thus :—



and the delivery fee affixed in stamps, in addition to the ordinary postage. "Expressed" articles will be received up to time for receiving late letters.

3. All articles not so marked, or not fully prepaid the postage and delivery fee, will be treated as a rule as ordinary correspondence, and delivered in the usual way. In certain cases, however, where the delivery fee has been paid and the distance apparently miscalculated, or the postage inadvertently omitted, the articles will be delivered and the deficiency collected from the addressee and affixed to the letter in postage-due stamps.

4. The delivery fee for each article is 6d. for the first mile, and 3d. each additional mile up to two miles, or three miles in all.

5. Delivery will be made by telegraph message boy. The sender may, however, direct that delivery be made at the post-office, in which case the words "To be called for" must be written underneath the words "Express delivery."

6. A receipt must be given by the recipient for each specially delivered article.

7. "Expressed" letters, properly stamped for delivery from the post-office, also telegrams fully stamped for transmission, may be handed to any letter-carrier for delivery at the office. In no case, however, will the letter-carrier wait while the letter or telegram is being written.

8. The delivery of "expressed" letters and parcels will be made from the time the offices named are opened until the last regular received mail of the day is sorted.

TIMES FOR POSTING CORRESPONDENCE.

1. Seaborne mails, as a general rule, are closed for ordinary correspondence one hour previous to the despatch of the mails from the post-office, but by payment of a late-fee letters may be posted until within twenty minutes of the time the mail leaves the office.

2. Late letters may also be posted on board steamers, and in the travelling post-offices and guards' vans of the principal trains. The late-fee in all cases is an extra single rate of postage.

POSTAGE AND REVENUE STAMPS, POST-CARDS, AND NEWSPAPER-WRAPPERS.

1. Every Postmaster is required to keep for sale to the public a sufficient stock of the various postage and revenue labels and post-cards in use in the colony, and to sell them at the following prices :—

	s.	d.		s.	d.
Halfpenny labels...	0	½	Newspaper-wrappers—		
Penny labels ...	0	1	Parcels of 4	0	2½ each
One penny halfpenny labels ...	0	1½	Parcels of 9	0	5 "
Twopenny labels ...	0	2	Parcels of 18	0	10 "
Twopence halfpenny labels ...	0	2½	Parcels of 270	12	6 "
Threepenny labels ...	0	3	Registered-letter envelopes—		
Fourpenny labels ...	0	4	(No. 1) Small (5¼" x 3¼")	3	3 doz.
Fivepenny labels ...	0	5	(No. 2) Medium (6" x 3½")	3	3 doz.
Sixpenny labels ...	0	6	(No. 3) Large (11¼" x 6")	4	0 doz.
Eightpenny labels ...	0	8	Stamped envelopes—		
Ninepenny labels ...	0	9	½d. envelopes, un gummed (3½" x 5½")	0	7½ doz.
One-shilling labels	1	0	1d. " " (3½" x 8½")	1	2 "
Two-shilling labels	2	0	½d. " " (3½" x 8½")	0	8 "
Five-shilling labels	5	0	1d. " (3½" x 4½")	1	2 "
Post-cards ...	0	1	2d. " (3½" x 4½")	2	2 "
Reply-paid post-cards	0	2			
Letter-cards ...	0	1			

Also stamps of such higher value as the work of any office may render necessary.

Envelopes supplied by private persons are embossed with postage at the following charges :—

In lots of 1,000	1s. per hundred	} Of one value.
" 2,000	...	...	10d. "
" 5,000	...	...	9d. "
" 10,000	...	...	8d. "
" more than 10,000	...	...	7d. "

Applications for embossing must be made to the Secretary, General Post Office, Wellington.

* Including registration fee of 3d.

2. No person excepting a postal officer may, unless specially licensed by the Stamp Department, sell postage-stamps, post-cards, or newspaper-wrappers. The penalty for such illegal sale is ten pounds. Discount-stamps are not permitted to be used for postage, and are only sold at money-order offices.

3. To prevent the purloining of postage-stamps by the *employés* in large establishments, the stamps may be perforated with the initials of the firms, &c., so as to render the improper sale of such stamps a matter of difficulty. The perforation with initials of the stamps on post-cards and newspaper-wrappers is also allowed; but permission in all cases must first be obtained from the Postmaster-General.

4. Stamps should be placed on the front of the letter, and upon the right-hand corner of the upper side. On redirected letters care should be taken not to place fresh stamps over the stamps which have been previously used.

5. Stamps which have been torn, cut, or otherwise rendered imperfect, except by perforation, cannot be used.

6. Postage-due stamps, discount-stamps, or stamps cut from letter-cards, post-cards, newspaper-wrappers, registered-letter envelopes, embossed envelopes, or stamped paper cannot be used for prepayment of postage on letters, packets, or newspapers, or for payment for telegrams. Such stamps, when identified in the post-office, will not be postmarked. Stamps of Rarotonga, Niue, or Penrhyn Island may not be used outside those dependencies respectively for prepayment of postage.

7. English, Victorian, and New South Wales postage-stamps may be obtained by persons desirous of sending a stamp or stamped envelope to their relatives or friends in the United Kingdom, Victoria, and New South Wales, in order to relieve them of the cost of the postage when sending replies. *These stamps cannot be purchased in quantities of more than two shillings and sixpence worth at one time, nor are they permitted to be used for the purpose of making remittances.*

REPURCHASE OF STAMPS.

1. Postmasters in charge of money-order offices are permitted, though not compelled, to purchase from the public New Zealand postage-stamps of not less value than 10s. (provided the stamps be not soiled or otherwise damaged), at a discount of 5 per centum.

2. Discount-stamps are purchased at money-order offices if mounted on the special card provided for the purpose and presented in quantities of the value of 1s. or its multiple. They are not permitted to be used for postage.

3. To prevent the temptation to steal stamps attached to letters, which might be afforded by facilities for selling them, single stamps cannot be purchased. The stamps must in all cases be presented in strips of not less than two.

PRIVATE BOXES AND BAGS.

1. Private letter-boxes are provided for merchants and others upon payment, in advance, of the following fees:—

(a.) For a term exceeding six calendar months and not exceeding one year, one pound (£1).

(b.) For a term not exceeding six calendar months, ten shillings (10s.); and

(c.) Provided that no private box shall be let for a term less than six months, to date from the day on which the same shall be let; and that, where there are two or more applicants for the same box at the same time, the preference shall be given to the person desiring to have the same for the longest term.

2. No private box can be held in the joint names of a number of persons unless it be known that the applicants are in business partnership. Private persons are not permitted to join in renting a private box. Subject to the above restrictions, any person can have a private box who is willing to pay the appointed rent. No person can be permitted to engage a private box for Sunday or for a certain day or days only.

3. Letters directed to any person renting a private box, and letters directed to members of the family or servants, also letters directed to the care of the box-holder, will be deposited in the box (unless written notice be given to the contrary). The registered and unpaid correspondence will be retained by the delivery-clerk, and the box-holder notified by means of cards placed in the box.

4. Each box is provided with a door, lock and key, which must be kept in repair at the holder's expense.

5. Private-box lobbies at chief post-offices are open as follows:—

	Week-days.		Sundays.	
Auckland	7	a.m. to midnight	8	a.m. to midnight.
Blenheim	8	a.m. to 10 p.m.	9.30	a.m. to 5.30 p.m.
Christchurch	7	a.m. to midnight	7	a.m. to midnight.
Dunedin	6.50	a.m. to midnight	8	a.m. to midnight.
Gisborne	8	a.m. to 10 p.m.	9.30	a.m. to 11 p.m.
Greymouth	8	a.m. to 10 p.m.	9	a.m. to 5.30 p.m.
Hokitika	8	a.m. to 10 p.m.	9	a.m. to 5.30 p.m.
Invercargill	6	a.m. to midnight	8	a.m. to 6 p.m.
Napier	7.30	a.m. to midnight	7.30	a.m. to midnight.
Nelson	8	a.m. to 10 p.m.	9.30	a.m. to 5.30 p.m.
New Plymouth	6.30	a.m. to 10.30 p.m.	9.30	a.m. to 5.30 p.m.
Oamaru	8	a.m. to 10 p.m.	8	a.m. to 5.30 p.m.
Thames	6	a.m. to midnight	9.30	a.m. to 5.30 p.m.
Timaru	8	a.m. to 10 p.m.	9.30	a.m. to 9 p.m.
Wanganui	8	a.m. to midnight	8	a.m. to midnight.
Wellington	5	a.m. to midnight	5	a.m. to midnight.
Westport	9	a.m. to 10.30 p.m.	9.30	a.m. to 6 p.m.

At all other offices the hours are irregular, and vary from 8 a.m. to 10 p.m. or 11 p.m., and 9 a.m. to 8 p.m., according to local requirements and facilities. The lobbies are also open on Sundays and holidays, but at irregular hours.

6. Persons residing upon mail-routes requiring the accommodation of private bags can obtain the same upon payment, in advance, of the undermentioned fees to the Chief Postmaster of the district, and subject to the following regulations:—

(a.) The fees payable for private mail-bags shall be—For a term exceeding six calendar months and not exceeding one year, two pounds (£2); for a term not exceeding six calendar months, one pound (£1). Provided that no private mail-bag shall be let for a term less than six months, to date from the day on which the same shall be let. If taken delivery of at the office at which it is made up the fee is the same as for a private box.

- (b.) The bag must be provided with a lock and two keys, and kept in repair at the cost of the person requiring it. When empty it must not exceed two pounds in weight. All private bags must be approved by the Postmaster.
 - (c.) The Postmaster must securely lock the bag before despatching it, and it must be returned to the Postmaster in the same manner.
 - (d.) The bag must only contain correspondence for persons connected with the establishment of the owner of the bag, or who may be in his employment; and it must be distinctly understood that such owner is responsible for the postage of all unpaid letters, and for returning receipts for all those which may be registered.
7. Mail contractors are bound to convey and deliver, free of charge to the holders, all private bags given to them by Postmasters or under their instructions, but are not required to deviate from the prescribed mail-route, and are on no account to be delayed. Should a return bag not be ready at the appointed time and place, the contractor is not required to wait for it.

MISCELLANEOUS REGULATIONS AND SUGGESTIONS.

Non-liability of the Post Office.

1. The Post Office is not, by law, responsible for any loss or inconvenience which may arise from the non-delivery, mis-sending, or mis-delivery of any unregistered letter, book, or other postal packet; nor is it responsible for any injury which a packet may sustain during its transmission. See, however, regulations elsewhere regarding insurance of parcels.

Secure Packing recommended.

2. To guard against their being injured, all postal packets which are likely to suffer from stamping or from great pressure should be placed in strong covers; and it is recommended that such articles should be sent by parcel-post. Fragile articles should not be sent by post.

3. The main business of the Post Office being the transmission of letters, the forwarding of book-packets and newspapers (which no one is compelled to send through the Post Office), though an important, is only a secondary object, for which no arrangement can be made which would interfere with the quick and regular conveyance and delivery of letters. Books and packets, therefore, which would be injured by being thrust into a bag and hurriedly pressed down like a bundle of letters, should not be sent through the post.

4. In order that no failure may occur in the delivery of newspapers through the covers becoming detached, it is recommended that the addresses be written on exposed parts of the newspapers themselves, as well as on the covers.

Postmasters and the Public.

5. No information can be given respecting letters which pass through a post-office except to the persons to whom they are addressed; and in no other way is official information of a private character allowed to be made public. A Postmaster may, however, give an address if he has reason to believe that the person whose address it is would not disapprove of his doing so.

6. Except in the case of "special-request" letters, post-cards, or circulars which cannot be delivered, Postmasters are not allowed to return any article to the writer or sender, or to any one else, or to delay forwarding it to its destination according to the address.

7. Postmasters are not bound to weigh letters, books, packets, or newspapers for the public, but they may do so if their duty be not thereby impeded. This rule does not apply to parcels, which are tested both as to weight and size before being accepted.

8. Postmasters are not bound to give change; and when money is paid at a post-office, whether as change or otherwise, no question as to its right amount, goodness, or weight can be entertained after it has been removed from the counter.

9. No postal officer is permitted to take money in prepayment of postage (except in the case of inland circulars posted in quantities of not less than one thousand at one time), or to affix postage-stamps on letters, &c., posted at any post-office. Postage-stamps should in all cases be affixed by the sender or person posting the correspondence.

All Articles should bear Sender's Address.

10. Every letter or other article should contain the full address of the sender, in order to insure its return if the person to whom it is directed cannot be found. A much larger portion of the undelivered letters could be returned if the names and addresses of the senders were always plainly written at the end of the letters or embossed on the envelopes.

Use of Sealing-wax discouraged.

11. The practice of sealing with wax (except such as is specially prepared) letters passing to and from countries with hot climates is attended with much inconvenience, and frequently with serious injury, not only to the letters so sealed, but to the other letters in the mail, from the melting of the wax and adhesion of the letters to each other. The public are therefore recommended, in all such cases, to use either wafers or gum, and to advise their correspondents in the countries referred to to do the same.

Money and Valuables should be Registered.

12. Neither money nor any other valuable article ought ever to be sent through the post, except by means of a money-order, postal note, or in a registered letter. Any person who sends money or jewellery in an unregistered letter not only runs a risk of losing his property, but exposes to temptation every one through whose hands his letter passes.

Privilege of Postmaster-General.

13. Any person conveying (otherwise than by the post) a letter not exempted from the exclusive privilege of the Postmaster-General incurs, by law, a penalty of £20 for every letter so conveyed.

Addressing Correspondence.

14. Much difficulty is experienced in the delivery to their right owners of letters imperfectly addressed, and the Post Office has frequently incurred unjust censure either for unintentionally delivering such letters to wrong persons or for declining the responsibility of delivering them at all. The address of every letter ought to be full and distinct; and, in the case of the larger towns, the name of the street and the number of the house should always form part of the address. The practice of addressing letters to a town only prevails to a large extent, and in such cases the letters are not only liable to suffer delay, but to be lost altogether through being delivered to wrong persons.

Examination of Packets.

15. It is the duty of Postmasters, whenever they have ground for suspecting an infringement of any of the conditions relating to commercial papers, pattern and sample packets, newspapers, and printed papers generally, and occasionally even where there is no ground for suspicion, to open and examine packets posted at or passing through their offices.

Exceptional Detention of Postal Packets other than Letters.

16. To prevent obstacles to the regular transmission of letters, a Postmaster may, when necessary, delay forwarding any book-packets or newspapers, samples, and parcels until the following despatch.

Circulars.

17. Circulars should be tied in bundles, with all the addresses in one direction, and should be posted early in the day.

PROHIBITED ARTICLES.

1. Any indecent or obscene print, painting, photograph, lithograph, engraving, book, or card, or any other indecent or obscene article, or any letter, newspaper, publication, packet, or card having thereon any words, marks, or designs of an indecent, obscene, libellous, grossly offensive, or objectionable character (including in the term "objectionable character" the word "Debt," or any other word or words indicating that the postal packet relates to a debt or liability for money, except the usual form of invoice or account); matches of any kind; also any explosive, dangerous or noxious substance, any living creature, excepting live bees and harmless entomological specimens for delivery in the colony, Australia, the United Kingdom, and the United States (see **section 17**, "Patterns and Samples"), or anything likely to injure the contents of the mails or any officer of the Post Office, are detained and transmitted to the Dead Letter Office, to be there dealt with as undelivered.

(Under the Inland Parcel-post, however, fish, meat, game, eggs, &c., razors, scissors, needles, knives, forks, or other sharp instruments, are permitted to be forwarded if so packed as to prevent all risk of injury to other parcels or to the officers of the Post Office. Liquids, or semi-liquids, such as paint, &c., or glass in any form, are also received if so packed as to be secure from breakage.)

Every person who posts fire, or a match, or light, or any explosive, dangerous, or destructive substance or fluid, or any matter or thing likely to injure any postal packet or any person, is liable to imprisonment for seven years.

2. The transmission by post of gold, silver, precious stones, jewellery, &c., is prohibited in all countries mentioned in the "List of British and Foreign Countries," &c., following, which are not marked (^b). Such articles may, however, be sent to such of the countries not so marked as have parcel-post exchanges with New Zealand, except in cases where the Parcel-post Regulations specially exclude their admission. Vine-cuttings, except such as are addressed to the care of the Agricultural Department, are not permitted to be imported into New Zealand; any received through the post, unless so addressed, will be delivered to the Customs.

3. Tobacco, cigars, cigarettes, or snuff cannot be sent to the *United Kingdom* or *New South Wales* by letter or sample post. The *United Kingdom*, however, admits samples of unmanufactured tobacco not exceeding 4oz. at a Customs duty of 8d. per package. The introduction into *New South Wales* of opium by post is prohibited.

4. Pure spirit, articles containing spirit or into the manufacture of which spirit has entered, cannot be sent to the *United Kingdom* by sample-post.

5. In *Luxemburg* the registration of packets containing gold, silver, jewellery, &c., is compulsory, and everything of value, except coin or bullion, is liable to duty. The importation of meat in tins or similar packages, sausages, and other hashed meat is prohibited. The introduction by letter-post of advertisements, prospectuses, or tickets of lotteries is prohibited.

6. In the undermentioned colonies, viz.—

<i>Bermuda,</i>	<i>Gibraltar,</i>	<i>Malta,</i>	<i>Sierra Leone,</i>
<i>Ceylon,</i>	<i>Hongkong,</i>	<i>Montserrat,</i>	<i>and</i>
<i>Falkland Islands,</i>	<i>Labuan,</i>	<i>Newfoundland,</i>	<i>Straits Settlements,</i>
<i>Gambia,</i>	<i>Lagos,</i>	<i>St. Vincent,</i>	

articles of value are transmissible, and, with the exception of jewellery addressed to *Ceylon*, *Newfoundland*, and *St. Vincent*, are exempt from Customs duty. Their transmission is also permitted in

Cyprus, Grenada, and Jamaica;

but they are liable to Customs duty, with the exception of gold and specie in *Cyprus*, gold, silver, and diamonds in *Grenada*, and diamonds in *Jamaica*.

7. In *France* engravings, prints, drawings, and chromo-lithographs are liable to Customs duty, and cannot be sent by post to that country in quantities sufficiently large to have a saleable value, but small quantities can be sent as *bond fide* specimens.

8. In the *Dutch East Indies* articles of value are admissible, except wrought gold and silver, but the packets containing them must be registered.

9. Special prohibitions in *Queensland*, the *Cape of Good Hope*, *Italy*, *Norway*, *Serbia*, *Transvaal*, *Dutch East Indies*, and *United States of America*: Anything relating to lotteries.

10. In *Italy* or other countries sent forward on *Italy*, letters, if containing gold or silver money, jewels or precious articles, registered or otherwise, are opened, the articles confiscated, and the letters sent on to destination. Illustrated post-cards are subject to Customs duty, and cannot be forwarded in quantities by letter-post.

11. In *Spain* and *Victoria* jewellery is dutiable, and liable to confiscation. Samples of cloth, woven fabrics, felt, and paperhangings addressed to *Spain* by post must not exceed 40 centimetres in length or width, unless the latter be well defined by a border, when it may be the full width of the piece.

12. *Roumania*.—Stitched or bound books, being liable to Customs duty, cannot be sent at printed-paper rates. Printed articles drawn up in foreign countries, in Polish or in any mixed Polish language, are liable to Customs duty, and therefore prohibited from importation by letter-post. Articles containing such printed matter will be returned to the office of origin by the Russian authorities.

13. *Russia*.—Printed matter in the Russian language is prohibited; and even such trifling articles as photographs and Christmas cards are liable to duty, though a single photograph may be sent to *Russia* by post. All letters or packets containing prohibited or dutiable articles of any kind, however small the value, are confiscated in that country. Russian Government bonds cannot be enclosed in ordinary or registered letters to *Russia*, and if discovered in correspondence 25 per cent. will be deducted from their amount in *Russia* as a fine. Periodical editions of newspapers published in foreign countries in the Polish language are not liable to Customs duty.

14. *Sweden and Russia*.—Papers impressed for the use of the blind cannot be sent at printed-paper rates.
15. *To all countries beyond His Majesty's Dominions and Italy, Egypt, Guatemala, Nicaragua, and Salvador* Christmas cards, &c., must be prepaid letter rates if any complimentary remarks appear upon them in writing.
16. In *Tasmania* obliterated stamps are subject to Customs duty.
17. In *Portugal* packets of bound books must be prominently marked on the outside, "To be submitted to Customs."
18. In *Venezuela* printed papers other than books relating to science, art or industry, catalogues and newspapers, are liable to Customs duty. They can therefore only be sent by letter or parcel-post.
19. In *Queensland* advertising pamphlets are charged Customs duty at the rate of 25 per cent. on estimated bulk value of the pamphlets. Such duty must either be remitted with the goods or a local agent appointed who will pay the amount on demand.
20. In *Victoria* advertising pamphlets, circulars, &c., sent through the post in large quantities, though not necessarily in bulk, are liable to Customs duty at 4d. per lb.
21. *Stam*.—Arms and opium by book-post are not permitted. Gold, silver, precious stones, and jewellery may be sent only at letter rates.
22. *Réunion, St. Pierre et Miquelon, French Guiana, and French establishments of Oceania*.—Same as for France.
23. *Persia*.—Colours made with aniline must not be sent by post to Persia.
24. *New Caledonia*.—Same as for France. Beans and plants of coffee are prohibited by a local law.
25. *Greece*.—Foreign copper or bronze coins are prohibited.
26. *Corea*.—Printed matter, labels, placards, photographs, &c., of a character contrary to good morals, offensive to the Sovereign, or dangerous to public safety, precious stones, red ginseng, opium, medicaments, arms and munitions of all kinds.

LIST OF BRITISH AND FOREIGN COUNTRIES TO WHICH POSTAL UNION RATES OF POSTAGE ARE CHARGED;† ALSO THEIR ROUTES OF TRANSMISSION.

[Special attention is directed to annotations (a) and (b).]

(a) Denotes that the limit of weight of pattern and sample packets for these countries is 12oz. (The maximum dimensions and weight for patterns and samples for the United Kingdom, Australia, and other countries are stated at sections 18 and 19, "Limits of Size and Weight for Patterns and Samples.")

(b) Denotes that gold, silver, precious stones, jewellery, &c., may be sent to these countries by registered letter-post. (Such articles, however, if addressed to any of the other countries with which New Zealand has parcel-post exchanges can be sent by parcel-post, except in cases in which they are specially prohibited. See "Parcel Post" elsewhere.)

For prohibited articles, see "Prohibitions."

Country, &c.	Route, via	Country, &c.	Route, via
Abyssinia	Colombo.	Austria-Hungary ..	Colombo.
Accra	London.		Plymouth.
Aden	Colombo.	Azores	Rio de Janeiro.
Addah	London.		S. Fr'isco-London.
Afghanistan* ..	Colombo.		
Africa, East ..	Colombo.	Bagamoyo ^b	Colombo.
Africa, South, South-east, and South-west	Melbourne.	Bagdad	Colombo.
Africa, West ..	London.	Bahamas	New York.
Ahgwey	London.		Colombo.
Akassa	London.	Balearic Islands ..	S. Fr'isco-London.
Albania	S. Fr'isco-London.		Colombo.
	Colombo.	Barbados	New York.
Alexandretta ..	Colombo.		Colombo.
	S. Fr'isco-London.	Bechuanaland (liable to additional charge on delivery)	Melbourne.
Algeria	S. Fr'isco-London.	Belgium ^a	S. Fr'isco-London.
	Colombo.		Plymouth.
Ambrizette ..	London.		Colombo.
Anam	Colombo.	Benguela	London.
Andorra	S. Fr'isco-London.	Belize	New York.
	Colombo.		Colombo.
Angola	Plymouth.	Benin	London.
Annobon	London.	Bermuda ^b	New York.
Anguilla	New York.		Colombo.
	Colombo.	Beyrout	Colombo.
Antigua	New York.		S. Fr'isco-London.
	Colombo.	Bolivia	San Francisco.
Arabia	Colombo.		Monte Video.
Argentine Republic ..	Monte Video.	Bonny	London.
Asaba	London.	Borneo, Dutch and British	Torres Strait.
Asia, Central ..	Colombo.		Colombo.
Ascension	London.		
Austria-Hungary ..	S. Fr'isco-London.		

* The Postal Union rates prepay letters as far as the Indian frontier only. Correspondence for Afghanistan intended for free delivery should therefore be addressed to the care of some agent at Peshawur, who should be instructed to pay the extra postage charged by the Ameer of Cabul on correspondence passing through his territory. Mail-matter addressed to Afghanistan direct will be charged on delivery double the Afghan postage—i.e., 5 annas per "miscal," or about 5d. for one-seventh of an ounce.

† To the United Kingdom and many other places named in a foregoing list the postage-rate on letters is 1d. for each half-ounce or fraction thereof.

COUNTRIES TO WHICH POSTAL UNION RATES ARE CHARGED—*continued.*

Country, &c.	Route, via	Country, &c.	Route, via
Bourbon	Colombo.	Gaboon	London.
Brass	London.	Galapagos Archipelago	San Francisco.
Brazil	Direct steamers.	Gambia ^b	London.
British Columbia ..	San Francisco.	Gambier Islands ..	Auckl'nd or Sydney
	Colombo.	Germany ^b	S. Fr'isco-London.
British Bechuanaland ^b	Melbourne.		Plymouth.
British Guiana ..	New York.	Gibraltar ^b	Colombo.
	Rio de Janeiro.		Colombo.
Buen Ayre	New York.		S. Fr'isco-London.
	Colombo.	Gilbert Islands ..	Auckl'nd or Sydney
Bulgaria	S. Fr'isco-London.	Goa	Colombo.
	Plymouth.	Gold Coast	London.
	Colombo.	Goree	London.
Burmah	Colombo.	Grand Bassam ..	London.
		Great Britain and	San Francisco.
		Ireland ^b	Plymouth.
			Suez.
Cabenda	London.	Greece	Colombo.
Calabar	London.		S. Frisco-London.
Cambodia	Colombo.	Greenland	Denmark.
Cameroons ^b	London.	Grenada ^b	New York.
Canada	San Francisco.		Colombo.
	Colombo.	Grenadines ^b ..	New York.
Canary Islands ..	Direct steamers.		Colombo.
Candia	Colombo.	Guadeloupe	New York.
	S. Fr'isco-London.		Colombo.
Cape Coast Castle ..	London.	Guatemala	San Francisco.
Cape Colony	Melbourne.		Rio de Janeiro.
Cape Verd Islands ..	Rio de Janeiro.	Guiana, British, } Dutch, French }	New York.
	S. Fr'isco-London.	Guinea	Rio de Janeiro.
Cayenne	New York.		London.
	Rio de Janeiro.		
Celebes	Torres Strait.	Half Jack	London.
	Colombo.	Hawaiian Islands ^{a b}	Auckland.
Central Asia	Colombo.	Hayti	New York.
Ceylon	P. & O. or Orient		Colombo.
	lines.	Heligoland ^b ..	S. Fr'isco-London.
Chandernagore ..	Colombo.		Plymouth.
Chili	Monte Video.		Suez-London.
	San Francisco.	Holland	S. Fr'isco-London.
China	Torres Strait.		Plymouth.
	Colombo.		Colombo.
Cochin China	Colombo.	Honduras, British, and	New York.
	Torres Strait.	Republic (except	Colombo.
Colombia (Republic of	San Francisco.	western portion)	
or United States of)	Monte Video.	Honduras Republic,	San Francisco.
Comoro Islands ..	Colombo.	western portion of	Rio de Janeiro.
Congo	London.	Hongkong ^b ..	Torres Strait.
Corea	Torres Strait.		Colombo.
	Colombo.	Honolulu ^{a b} ..	Auckland.
Costa Rica	San Francisco.	Hungary	S. Fr'isco-London.
	Rio de Janeiro.		Colombo.
Crete	Colombo.		Plymouth.
	S. Fr'isco-London.		
Cuba	New York.	Iceland	S. Fr'isco-London.
	Colombo.		Plymouth.
Curaçao	New York.		Suez-London.
	Colombo.	India, British, French,	Colombo.
Cyprus ^b	Colombo.	Portuguese	
	S. Fr'isco-London.	Inhambane ..	Colombo.
		Ionian Islands ..	Colombo.
Dar-es-Salaam ^b ..	Colombo.		S. Fr'isco-London.
Delagoa Bay	Melbourne.	Ireland ^b	S. Fr'isco-London.
Denmark	S. Fr'isco-London.		Plymouth.
	Plymouth.		Suez-London.
	Colombo.	Italy ^a	Colombo.
Diego Garcia ..	Colombo.		S. Fr'isco-London.
		Jamaica ^b	New York.
Djibouti	Colombo.		Colombo.
Dominica	New York.	Japan	Honolulu.
	Colombo.		Hongkong.
Ecuador	San Francisco.	Java	Torres Strait.
	Monte Video.		Colombo.
Egypt ^a	Colombo.	Kilwakinje ..	Colombo.
England ^b	San Francisco.	Labuan ^b	Torres Strait.
	Plymouth.		Colombo.
	Colombo.	Lagos (Africa) ^b ..	London.
Falkland Islands ..	Monte Video.	Lamu	Colombo.
	S. Fr'isco-London.	Liberia	London.
Farøe Islands ^b ..	S. Fr'isco-London.	Lindi	Colombo.
	Plymouth.	Loanda	London.
	Suez-London.	Los Islands ..	London.
Fernando Po	London.	Low Archipelago (Pau-	Auckland or Syd-
Forcados	London.	motu)	ney.
France ^a	S. Fr'isco-London.		
	Plymouth.		
	Colombo.		

COUNTRIES TO WHICH POSTAL UNION RATES ARE CHARGED—*continued.*

Country, &c.	Route, <i>via</i>	Country, &c.	Route, <i>via</i>
Loyalty Islands ..	Auckland or Sydney.	Palestine	Colombo. S. Fr'isco-London.
Luxemburg ^{a b} ..	S. Fr'isco-London. Plymouth. Colombo.	Panama	San Francisco. Monte Video.
Macao	Hongkong.	Paraguay	Monte Video.
Madagascar ..	Colombo.	Patagonia	Monte Video.
Madeira	Rio de Janeiro.	Pellew Islands ..	Torres Strait. Colombo.
Madura	Java.	Penang ^b	Torres Strait. Colombo.
Mahé (Seychelles) ..	Colombo.	Persia	Colombo.
Malta ^b	Colombo.	Peru	San Francisco. Monte Video.
Manila	S. Fr'isco-London. Torres Strait. Colombo.	Philippine Islands ..	Honolulu. Colombo.
Manitoba	San Francisco. Colombo.	Poland	S. Fr'isco-London. Plymouth. Colombo.
Marquesas Islands (Mendana)	Auckland or Sydney.	Pondicherry	Colombo.
Marshall Islands ..	Auckland.	Porto Rico ^a	New York. Colombo.
Martinique	New York. Colombo.	Portugal	S. Fr'isco-London. Plymouth. Colombo.
Mashonaland ..	Melbourne.	Prince Edward Island	San Francisco. Colombo.
Mauritius	Colombo.		
Mayotte	Colombo.		
Metelin or Mytilene	Colombo. S. Fr'isco-London.	Quebec	San Francisco. Colombo.
Mexico	San Francisco. Colombo.	Quilimane	Colombo.
Moluccas	Torres Strait. Colombo.		
Mombasa	Colombo.	Réunion	Colombo.
Monaco	S. Fr'isco-London. Colombo. Plymouth.	Rhodes	Colombo. S. Fr'isco-London.
Monrovia	London.	Rhodesia (Southern)†	Melbourne.
Montenegro	Colombo. S. Fr'isco-London.	Roumania	S. Fr'isco-London. Colombo.
Montserrat ^b	New York. Colombo.		Plymouth.
Morocco	Colombo. S. Fr'isco-London.	Russia	S. Fr'isco-London. Plymouth. Colombo.
Mosquito Territory ..	San Francisco. Rio de Janeiro.		
Mossamedes	London.	St. Croix (West Indies)	New York. Colombo.
Mozambique	Colombo.	St. Domingo	New York. Colombo.
Muscat	Colombo.	St. Eustatius	New York. Colombo.
Natal	Melbourne.	St. Helena	S. Fr'isco-London. Melbourne.
Nevis	New York. Colombo.	St. John's (West Indies)	New York. Colombo.
New Brunswick	San Francisco. Colombo.	St. Kitt's	New York. Colombo.
New Caledonia	Sydney or Auckland.	St. Lucia (West Indies)	New York. Colombo.
New Guinea, German	Brisbane.	St. Martin's	New York. Colombo.
Newfoundland ^b	San Francisco. Colombo.	St. Pierre et Miquelon	San Francisco. Colombo.
Nicaragua	San Francisco. Rio de Janeiro.	St. Thomas (West Indies)	New York. Colombo.
Nicobar Islands ..	Melbourne.	St. Thomas (W. Africa)	London.
Niger Territory ..	London.	St. Vincent (Cape Verd)	Rio de Janeiro. S. Fr'isco-London.
Norway	S. Fr'isco-London. Plymouth. Colombo.	St. Vincent (West Indies) ^b	New York. Colombo.
Nossi Bé	Colombo.	Salt Pond	London.
Novo Rodondo	London.	Salvador (Central America)	San Francisco. Rio de Janeiro.
Nova Scotia	San Francisco. Colombo.	Samsoun	Colombo. S. Fr'isco-London.
Obock*	Colombo.	San Salvador (West Indies)	New York. Colombo.
Ontario	San Francisco. Colombo.	Sandwich Islands ..	Auckland.
Opobo	London.		
Orange River Colony	Melbourne.		

* Registered letters for Obock will be delivered from Djibouti.

Including Belinge, Bulalima, Bulawayo, Charter, Gwelo (Upper), Gwelo (Lower), Hartley, Insiza, Lomgundi, Makoni, Mangwendi, Matopo, Mawabene, Mazoe, Melssetter, Salisbury, Sebengu, Tuli, Umtali, Umzingwane, Victoria.

COUNTRIES TO WHICH POSTAL UNION RATES ARE CHARGED—*continued.*

Country, &c.	Route, <i>via</i>	Country, &c.	Route <i>via</i>
Sarawak	Torres Straits. Colombo.	Tobago	New York. Colombo.
Scotland ^b	S. Fr'isco-London. Plymouth. Suez-London.	Togo Territory ^b	London. New York. Colombo.
Senegal	London.	Transvaal	Melbourne.
Senegambia	London.	Trebizond	Colombo.
Servia	S. Fr'isco-London Colombo. Plymouth.	Trinidad	S. Fr'isco-London. New York. Colombo.
Sette Cama	London.	Tripoli	Colombo.
Seychelles	Colombo.	Tunis	Colombo. S. Fr'isco-London.
Sherboro	London.	Turkey, European and Asiatic	Colombo. S. Fr'isco-London.
Siam	Colombo.	Turk's Islands	New York. Colombo.
Siberia	Russia.		
Sicily ^a	Colombo. S. Fr'isco-London.		
Sierra Leone ^b	London.		
Singapore ^b	Torres Strait. Colombo.		
Smyrna	Colombo. S. Fr'isco-London.	United Kingdom ^b	San Francisco. Plymouth. Suez.
Society Islands (Tahiti)	Auckland.		
Socotra	Colombo.	United States of America*	San Francisco. Colombo.
Spain	S. Fr'isco-London. Colombo. Plymouth.	United States of Colombia	San Francisco. Monte Video.
Straits Settlements ^b	Torres Strait. Colombo.	Uruguay	Direct steamers.
Suakim	Colombo.		
Sumatra	Torres Strait. Colombo.	Vancouver Island	San Francisco. Colombo.
Surinam	New York. Colombo.	Venezuela	New York. Rio de Janeiro.
Sweden	S. Fr'isco-London. Plymouth. Colombo.	Virgin Islands	New York. Colombo.
Switzerland	S. Fr'isco-London. Colombo. Plymouth.		
Syria	Colombo. S. Fr'isco-London.	Wallis Islands	Auckland.
		West Indies	New York. Colombo.
		Whydah	London.
Tanga	Colombo.		
Tangiers	S. Fr'isco-London. Colombo. Plymouth.	Zanzibar	Colombo.
Teneriffe	Direct steamers.	Zululand	Melbourne.

* Gold and silver coin may be sent to the United States in registered letters.

ALEX. WILLIS,
Clerk of the Executive Council.

Vesting Management of Kawhia Wharf in Trustees.

RANFURLY, Governor.

ORDER IN COUNCIL.

At the Government House, at Wellington, this thirtieth day of June, 1902.

Present:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS by section fourteen of "The Harbours Act, 1878," it is enacted that the Governor in Council may vest the management of any wharf, the property of His Majesty, in any local governing body or person, upon such terms and conditions as the Governor in Council thinks fit: And whereas it is thought desirable to vest the management of the wharf at Kawhia in the persons named in the First Schedule hereto as Trustees for the inhabitants of the district, on the terms and conditions set forth in the Second Schedule hereto, and to prescribe the dues and rates and to make the regulations set forth in the Third Schedule hereto:

Now, therefore, His Excellency the Governor of the Colony of New Zealand, by and with the advice and consent of the Executive Council of the said colony, and in pursuance and exercise of the power and authority vested in him by the said fourteenth section of "The Harbours Act, 1878," and of all other powers and authorities in anywise enabling him in that behalf, doth hereby vest the management of the Kawhia wharf, at the extension of Jervois Street, Kawhia, which is shown on plan marked 2536, and deposited in the office of the Marine Department at Wellington, in the persons mentioned in the First Schedule hereto as Trustees for the inhabitants of the district, subject to the conditions set forth in the Second Schedule hereto; and in pursuance and exercise of the power and authority conferred by the seventeenth and two-hundred-and-twelfth sections of "The Harbours Act, 1878," and with the like advice and consent, doth hereby prescribe that the dues and rates set forth in the Third Schedule hereto shall be taken by the said Trustees for the use of the said wharf.

FIRST SCHEDULE.

Thomas Goodfellow, Gentleman, Kawhia.
D'Arcy Hamilton, J.P., Teacher, Kawhia.
George H. Buckeridge, J.P., Storekeeper, Kawhia.

SECOND SCHEDULE.

1. THAT all His Majesty's subjects shall at all reasonable times, and upon payment of the proper dues, have free and full liberty to use the abovementioned wharf, and of ingress and egress thereon and therefrom.

2. That His Majesty or the Governor, and all officers in the Government service acting in the execution of their duty, shall at all times have free ingress, passage, and egress into, through, and out of the wharf without payment.

3. That the said Trustees shall maintain and keep the abovementioned wharf and all erections on the wharf in good order and repair, and shall at all times permit to be erected and exhibited therefrom any lights for the guidance of vessels, and shall maintain at its own cost any such lights: Provided that no new light shall be exhibited until after it has been approved of by the Marine Department.

4. That any person authorised by the Minister having charge of the Marine Department, or any officer acting with his approval, may at all reasonable times enter upon the said wharf and any buildings erected thereon, and view the state of repair thereof; and that, upon his leaving at the last known address of any one of the said Trustees a notice in writing of any defect or want of repair in such wharf or buildings, requiring the Trustees, within a reasonable time, to be therein prescribed, to repair the same, the said Trustees shall, with all convenient speed, cause such defect to be removed or such repairs to be made.

5. That the said Trustees shall appoint all officers and servants required for the management and working of the said wharf.

6. That the said Trustees shall not erect or suffer to be erected on the said wharf any building or structure whatever except with the consent of the Marine Department.

7. That the said Trustees shall keep a separate account of the receipts and expenditure on account of such wharf, and shall cause such account to be balanced to the 31st March in each year, and shall send a copy of such account, when balanced, to the Marine Department, and shall supply any particulars in reference thereto as may be required by the Marine Department.

8. That nothing herein contained shall authorise the said Trustees to do or cause to be done anything repugnant to or inconsistent with any law relating to the Customs, or any

regulation of the Commissioner of Trade and Customs, or with any provisions of "The Harbours Act, 1878," or its amendments, or any regulations thereunder.

9. That the rights, powers, and privileges conferred by this Order in Council shall continue in force for three years, computed from the date of this Order in Council, unless in the meantime altered, modified, or revoked.

10. That the rights, powers, and privileges conferred under or by virtue of this Order in Council may at any time be resumed by the Governor, on giving to the said Trustees one calendar month's notice in writing. Any such notice shall be sufficient if given by the Governor or the Minister having charge of the Marine Department, or any person acting under his or their instructions, and delivered at the last known address of any one of the said Trustees. No compensation or allowance shall be payable in such case.

11. Notwithstanding anything hereinbefore contained, should any of the said Trustees die, or become bankrupt, or be incapable of acting, or should leave the district, or for any other cause which in the opinion of the Governor should render it undesirable that he should remain a Trustee, the Governor may in any such case, and from time to time, by Order in Council, declare that such person has ceased to be a Trustee, and may direct any other person to act as Trustee in his place, who shall have all the powers and authorities of the original Trustee, who shall thereupon cease to be a Trustee.

THIRD SCHEDULE.

WHARFAGE DUES.

- Grass-seed, per bag, 1d.; or 1s. per ton of 20 bags.
- Butter, 1d. per box; or 1s. per ton of 40 boxes.
- Cheese, each, 1d.; or 1s. per ton.
- Wool, per bale, 4d.; per bag, 1d.
- Hides and skins, per bundle, 4d.; per bag, 1d.
- Fat, per bag, 1d.
- Sheep or pigs, 2d. each.
- Cattle and horses, 2s. each.
- Parcels, each, 1d.
- Carts and traps, each, 2s.
- Packages (ordinary), 1½d.
- Potatoes, per bag, 2d.; or 1s. per ton of 10 bags.
- Flour, per bag, 1d.; or 1s. per ton of 20 bags.
- Galvanised iron, per sheet, ½d.; or 1s. per ton.
- Chaff, per bag, 1d.; or 1s. per ton of 20 bags.
- Wheat, oats, sharps, per bag, 2d.; or 1s. per ton.
- Bales of sacks, each, 6d.
- Wire, per coil, 1d.; or 1s. per ton.
- Timber, per 100 ft., 3d.
- Cement, per cask, 4d.
- Bricks, per hundred, 3d.
- Empty butter-boxes, each, ½d.
- Anything not herein specified, 1s. 6d. per ton (weight or measurement at the option of the wharfinger); minimum charge for anything not specified, 1d.

BERTHAGE DUES.

- For every vessel, with steam or otherwise, under 100 tons register, per day or part of a day, ½d. per ton.
- For every vessel over 100 tons register, ¼d. per ton for the first 100 tons, and ½d. per ton for each additional ton, per day or part of a day.
- Minimum charge, 1s.

ALEX. WILLIS,
Clerk of the Executive Council.

Warrant apportioning the Cost of maintaining the Opihi Road between the Councils of the Counties of Levels and Geraldine.

RANFURLY, Governor.

WHEREAS by section eight of "The Public Works Acts Amendment Act, 1900," it is enacted that in any case where a road in one district is largely used by or for the purpose of traffic to or from any other district or districts, and affords access to or from such district or districts, and the Governor is of opinion that it is equitable that the latter district should contribute towards the cost of constructing or maintaining the whole or any portion of such road in the former district, the Governor may from time to time apportion the cost of constructing or maintaining the whole or any part of such road among the local authorities of the respective districts as he thinks fit; and for that purpose, and to enable effect to be given thereto, the provisions of sections one hundred and thirteen and one hundred and fourteen of the principal Act shall, *mutatis mutandis*, apply:

And whereas the Council of the County of Levels has made application to the Governor to apportion the cost of

maintaining the road described in the Schedule hereto (and hereinafter referred to as "the said road") between the said Council and the Council of the County of Geraldine:

And whereas by section one hundred and fourteen of "The Public Works Act, 1894," it is, *inter alia*, provided that the Governor may, with the view of determining what proportion, if any, of the cost of maintaining any road should be borne by any local authority, direct any person to be a Commissioner to inquire and report to him upon any matter which he shall deem necessary to enable him to determine any such question as aforesaid:

And whereas a Commissioner was appointed and an inquiry duly held: And whereas such Commissioner did report to the Governor, after due inquiry, his opinion thereon:

And whereas the Governor is of opinion that the cost of maintaining the said road should be apportioned:

Now, therefore, I, Uchter John Mark, Earl of Ranfurly, Governor of the Colony of New Zealand, in pursuance and in exercise of the power and authority vested in me by the said Acts, do hereby apportion the cost of maintaining the said road between the Council of the County of Levels and the Council of the County of Geraldine in the following proportions: viz., the Council of the County of Levels shall contribute two-thirds and the Council of the County of Geraldine one-third of the cost of maintaining the said road.

And I do hereby direct that any contribution hereby required to be made as aforesaid by the Council of the County of Geraldine shall be paid from time to time, in the proportion hereinbefore prescribed, out of the funds of the said county, within a period of thirty days after demand in writing made by or on behalf of the Council of the County of Levels; and all such payments shall be made from time to time to the Clerk of the said Council for and on account of such Council.

SCHEDULE.

THE Opihi Road from Beddell's Crossing over the Opihi River to the junction of the said road with the Cave-Washdyke Road, a distance of five miles or thereabouts.

As witness the hand of His Excellency the Governor, this twenty-fifth day of June, one thousand nine hundred and two.

C. H. MILLS,
For Minister of Lands.

Warrant apportioning the Cost of maintaining Part of the Road from Cave to Pleasant Point between the Councils of the Counties of Levels and Mackenzie.

RANFURLY, Governor.

WHEREAS by section eight of "The Public Works Acts Amendment Act, 1900," it is enacted that in any case where a road in one district is largely used by or for the purpose of traffic to or from any other district or districts, and affords access to or from such district or districts, and the Governor is of opinion that it is equitable that the latter district should contribute towards the cost of constructing or maintaining the whole or any portion of such road in the former district, the Governor may from time to time apportion the cost of constructing or maintaining the whole or any part of such road among the local authorities of the respective districts as he thinks fit; and for that purpose, and to enable effect to be given thereto, the provisions of sections one hundred and thirteen and one hundred and fourteen of the principal Act shall, *mutatis mutandis*, apply:

And whereas the Council of the County of Levels has made application to the Governor to apportion the cost of maintaining the road described in the Schedule hereto (and hereinafter referred to as "the said road") between the said Council and the Council of the County of Mackenzie:

And whereas by section one hundred and fourteen of "The Public Works Act, 1894," it is, *inter alia*, provided that the Governor may, with the view of determining what proportion, if any, of the cost of maintaining any work should be borne by any local authority, direct any person to be a Commissioner to inquire and report to him upon any matter which he shall deem necessary to enable him to determine any such question as aforesaid:

And whereas a Commissioner was appointed and an inquiry duly held: And whereas such Commissioner did report to the Governor, after due inquiry, his opinion thereon:

And whereas the Governor is of opinion that the said road should be maintained:

Now, therefore, I, Uchter John Mark, Earl of Ranfurly, Governor of the Colony of New Zealand, in pursuance and

in exercise of the power and authority vested in me by the said Acts, do hereby apportion the cost of maintaining the said road between the Council of the County of Levels and the Council of the County of Mackenzie in the following proportions: viz., the Council of the County of Levels shall contribute seven-eighths and the Council of the County of Mackenzie one-eighth of the cost of maintaining the said road.

And I do hereby direct that any contribution hereby required to be made as aforesaid by the Council of the County of Mackenzie shall be paid from time to time, in the proportion hereinbefore prescribed, out of the funds of the said county, within a period of thirty days after demand in writing made by or on behalf of the Council of the County of Levels; and all such payments shall be made from time to time to the Clerk of the said Council for and on account of such Council.

SCHEDULE.

THAT portion of the road from Cave to Pleasant Point lying between Cave Railway-station and the junction of Totara Valley Road with the said road, a distance of eleven miles or thereabouts.

As witness the hand of His Excellency the Governor, this twenty-fifth day of June, one thousand nine hundred and two.

C. H. MILLS,
For Minister of Lands.

Native Land in Tangitu Survey District taken for a Police-station and other Public Buildings.

RANFURLY, Governor.

ORDER IN COUNCIL.

At the Government House, at Wellington, this twenty-first day of June, 1902.

Present:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS the land mentioned in the Schedule hereto is required to be taken for public works, to wit, the construction of a police-station and other public buildings:

And whereas the said land is held or occupied by Native owners, and the title thereto is not derived from the Crown: And whereas a map of the said land has been prepared in duplicate, as required by the eighty-eighth section of "The Public Works Act, 1894":

Now, therefore, in pursuance and exercise of the powers vested in him by the said Act, and of all other powers in anywise enabling him in this behalf, His Excellency the Governor of the Colony of New Zealand, by and with the advice and consent of the Executive Council of the said colony, doth hereby declare that the land shown upon such map, and described in the Schedule hereto, shall be deemed to be taken for the purposes of the public works hereinbefore mentioned; and the said land shall vest in His Majesty the King as from the first day of August, one thousand nine hundred and two.

SCHEDULE.

THE parcel of land mentioned in list hereunder:—

Approximate Area of Land taken.	Being Portion of	Situated in Block No.	Situated in the Survey District of
A. R. P. 27 1 33	Rangitoto-Tuhua Block (Native land)	XI.	Tangitu.

In the Land District of Taranaki; as the same is more particularly delineated on the plan marked P.W.D. 19674, deposited in the office of the Minister for Public Works, at Wellington, in the Provincial District of Wellington, and thereon coloured red.

ALEX. WILLIS,
Clerk of the Executive Council.

Deputy Registrar of Births and Deaths appointed.

Colonial Secretary's Office.
Wellington, 28th June, 1902.

HIS Excellency the Governor has been pleased to appoint

THOMAS COUPER

to be the Deputy of the Registrar of Births and Deaths for the District of Upper Hutt.

J. G. WARD.

Registrars of Marriages, &c., appointed.

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Wellington, 28th June, 1902.

HIS Excellency the Governor has been pleased to appoint the undermentioned gentlemen to be Registrars of Marriages and of Births and Deaths for the districts respectively opposite their names, viz. :—

Name.	District.
DAVID SAUNDERS GOODGER (On and from the 1st July, 1902.)	Arrow.
WILLIAM SOUNESS.. .. . (On and from the 16th July, 1902.)	Pongaroa.
ALBERT THOMAS HANCOCK (On and from the 16th July, 1902.)	Castlepoint.

J. G. WARD.

Registrars of Electors, Wanganui and Napier Electoral Districts, appointed.

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Wellington, 28th June, 1902.

HIS Excellency the Governor has been pleased to appoint

WILLIAM EDWARD GOFFE

to be Registrar of Electors under "The Electoral Act, 1893," for the Electoral District of Wanganui, *vice* C. A. Barton; also to appoint

JOHN PARKER

to be Registrar of Electors under the said Act for the Electoral District of Napier.

Appointments to date from 1st July, 1902.

J. G. WARD.

Chairman of Licensing Committee appointed.

Department of Justice,
Wellington, 1st July, 1902.

HIS Excellency the Governor has been pleased to appoint

ROBERT LOFTUS STANFORD, Esq., S.M.,

to be Chairman of the Licensing Committee for the District of Taranaki, *vice* H. W. Brabant, Esq., S.M., resigned.

JAS. MCGOWAN.

Clerk of Licensing Committee appointed.

Department of Justice,
Wellington, 1st July, 1902.

HIS Excellency the Governor has been pleased to appoint

JOSEPH MARTIN RODGERS

to be Clerk of the Licensing Committee for the District of Rangitikei, *vice* C. E. Halcombe, resigned.

JAS. MCGOWAN.

Cadets appointed.

Government Insurance Department,
Wellington, 24th June, 1902.

HIS Excellency the Governor has been pleased to appoint

JOHN WILLIAM FAIRFAX NORRIE,
GORDON BLACKWELL,
ARCHER EDWARD BURGE,
JOHN WILLIAM MACDONALD, and
IDA LOUISA O'REILLY

to be Cadets in the Government Insurance Department. The appointments to date from 25th April, 1902, 30th April, 1902, 1st May, 1902, 12th May, 1902, and 17th May, 1902, respectively.

W. C. WALKER.

Militia Officer appointed.

Defence Office,
Wellington, 25th June, 1902.

HIS Excellency the Governor has been pleased to approve of the undermentioned appointment :—

New Zealand Militia.

Sidney Smith to be Lieutenant (since deceased). Commission to date from 28th December, 1901.

WM. HALL-JONES,
Acting Minister of Defence.

Award of Imperial Meritorious Service Medal.

Defence Office,
Wellington, 25th June, 1902.

HIS Excellency the Governor has been pleased to approve, under the Royal Warrant dated 31st May, 1895, and published in the *New Zealand Gazette* No. 30, of 28th April, 1898, of the award of the Imperial Meritorious Service Medal to

No. 156, Sergeant ALFRED GEORGE WITHERS, No. 1 Company New Zealand Permanent Force.

WM. HALL-JONES,
Acting Minister of Defence.

Honorary Volunteer Officer appointed.

Defence Office,
Wellington, 25th June, 1902.

HIS Excellency the Governor has been pleased to approve of the undermentioned appointment :—

Maniototo Mounted Rifle Volunteers.

The Reverend George William Christian to be Honorary Chaplain. Commission to date from 17th May, 1902.

WM. HALL-JONES,
Acting Minister of Defence.

Volunteer Officer appointed.

Defence Office,
Wellington, 25th June, 1902.

HIS Excellency the Governor has been pleased to approve of the undermentioned appointment :—

Hawera Rifle Volunteers.

Charles Edwin Major to be Captain. Commission to date from 4th September, 1901.

WM. HALL-JONES,
Acting Minister of Defence.

Volunteer Officer appointed.

Defence Office,
Wellington, 25th June, 1902.

HIS Excellency the Governor has been pleased to approve of the undermentioned appointment :—

Woodville Rifle Volunteers.

Henry Palmer Horne to be Lieutenant. Commission to date from 5th December, 1900.

WM. HALL-JONES,
Acting Minister of Defence.

Volunteer Officer appointed.

Defence Office,
Wellington, 25th June, 1902.

HIS Excellency the Governor has been pleased to approve of the undermentioned appointment :—

New Zealand Volunteer Medical Staff.

William Aloysius Coulon to be Surgeon-Captain. Commission to date from 27th March, 1902.

WM. HALL-JONES,
Acting Minister of Defence.

Honorary Volunteer Officer transferred.

Defence Office,
Wellington, 28th June, 1902.

HIS Excellency the Governor has been pleased to approve of the following transfer and appointment :—

Honorary Chaplain FRANK GEORGE EVANS, Taranaki Rifle Volunteers, to be Honorary Chaplain of the 4th Battalion, Wellington (Taranaki) Rifle Volunteers, as from 16th April, 1902.

WM. HALL-JONES,
Acting Minister of Defence.

Honorary Volunteer Officer appointed.

Defence Office,
Wellington, 25th June, 1902.

HIS Excellency the Governor has been pleased to approve of the undermentioned appointment :—

Hauraki Rifle Volunteers.

The Reverend Joseph Smoult Smalley to be Honorary Chaplain. Commission to date from 7th May, 1902.

WM. HALL-JONES,
Acting Minister of Defence.

Volunteer Officer resigned.

Defence Office,
Wellington, 25th June, 1902.
HIS Excellency the Governor has been pleased to accept the resignation of the commission held by the undermentioned officer:—

Canterbury Yeomanry Cavalry Volunteers.
Lieutenant William Wilsden McRae. Date of resignation, 14th May, 1902.

WM. HALL-JONES,
Acting Minister of Defence.

Volunteer Officer resigned.

Defence Office,
Wellington, 25th June, 1902.
HIS Excellency the Governor has been pleased to accept the resignation of the commission held by the undermentioned officer:—

Otaki Mounted Rifle Volunteers.
Captain Charles Thomas Tatum. Date of resignation, 30th April, 1902.

WM. HALL-JONES,
Acting Minister of Defence.

Volunteer Officer resigned.

Defence Office,
Wellington, 25th June, 1902.
HIS Excellency the Governor has been pleased to accept the resignation of the commission held by the undermentioned officer:—

Mackenzie Mounted Rifle Volunteers.
Lieutenant Wilfred George Rutherford. Date of resignation, 24th May, 1902.

WM. HALL-JONES,
Acting Minister of Defence.

Volunteer Officer resigned.

Defence Office,
Wellington, 25th June, 1902.
HIS Excellency the Governor has been pleased to accept the resignation of the commission held by the undermentioned officer:—

Westport Position Artillery Volunteers.
Lieutenant Victor Stewart Marshall. Date of resignation, 3rd June, 1902.

WM. HALL-JONES,
Acting Minister of Defence.

Services of Defence Rifle Club accepted.

Defence Office,
Wellington, 25th June, 1902.
HIS Excellency the Governor has been pleased to accept, under clause 15, "The Defence Act Amendment Act, 1900," the services of the

Christchurch Reserve Defence Rifle Club,
with headquarters at Christchurch. Acceptance to date from 17th June, 1902.

WM. HALL-JONES,
Acting Minister of Defence.

Honorary Volunteer Corps disbanded.

Defence Office,
Wellington, 25th June, 1902.
HIS Excellency the Governor has been pleased to approve of the disbandment of the

Canterbury Honorary Reserve Rifle Corps Volunteers.
Date of disbandment, 17th June, 1902.

WM. HALL-JONES,
Acting Minister of Defence.

Volunteer Cadet Corps disbanded.

Defence Office,
Wellington, 25th June, 1902.
HIS Excellency the Governor has been pleased to approve of the disbandment of the

Masterton Church Lads' Brigade Rifle Cadet Volunteers.
Date of disbandment, 11th February, 1902.

WM. HALL-JONES,
Acting Minister of Defence.

Commission of Volunteer Officer cancelled.

Defence Office,
Wellington, 25th June, 1902.
HIS Excellency the Governor has been pleased to approve that the commission of

Lieutenant HUGH DUNCANSON BUCHANAN,
Canterbury Yeomanry Cavalry Volunteers, be cancelled, in pursuance with paragraph 64, Volunteer Regulations, 1895, from 13th June, 1902.

WM. HALL-JONES,
Acting Minister of Defence.

Militia Officer promoted.

Defence Office,
Wellington, 30th June, 1902.
HIS Excellency the Governor has been pleased to approve of the undermentioned promotion:—

New Zealand Militia.
Captain Edwin Davy, V.D., to be Major, as from 17th June, 1902.

WM. HALL-JONES,
Acting Minister of Defence.

Volunteer Officer resigned.

Defence Office,
Wellington, 30th June, 1902.
HIS Excellency the Governor has been pleased to accept the resignation of the commission held by the undermentioned officer:—

Wellington Naval Artillery Volunteer Brigade.
Commander Edwin Davy, V.D. Date of resignation, 17th June, 1902.

WM. HALL-JONES,
Acting Minister of Defence.

Plants declared to be Noxious Weeds in the Borough of Roslyn.—Notice No. 714.

Department of Agriculture,
Wellington, 25th June, 1902.
IT is hereby notified for public information that the Roslyn Borough Council has, by special order, declared gorse and broom to be noxious weeds within the meaning of "The Noxious Weeds Act, 1900," in the district under its jurisdiction.

T. Y. DUNCAN,
Minister for Agriculture.

Special Order made by the Ohinemuri County Council making Alterations in Ridings.

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Wellington, 24th June, 1902.
THE following special order, made by the Ohinemuri County Council, is published in accordance with the provisions of "The Counties Act, 1886."

J. G. WARD.

COUNTY OF OHINEMURI.—ALTERATION OF RIDINGS.

SPECIAL ORDER of the Council of the County of Ohinemuri, made by the said Council on a resolution passed at a special meeting of the said Council on the 7th day of April, 1902, and confirmed by the said Council at a special meeting on the 5th day of June, 1902, and sealed with the common seal of the body corporate called "The Chairman, Councillors, and Inhabitants of the County of Ohinemuri":—

Alteration of Ridings.

That, in pursuance and exercise of the powers vested in it by "The Counties Act, 1886," and the amendments thereof, and of all other powers it thereunto enabling, the Council of the County of Ohinemuri, for the purpose of adjustment of representation, resolve:—

1. That the County of Ohinemuri be redivided into four ridings, to be named Paeroa, Waitoa, Karangahake, and Waitekauri.
2. That to give effect to this resolution the Paeroa, Waitoa, and Karangahake Ridings remain as at present, and as described in the *New Zealand Gazette* of 5th October, 1899, page 1871, and the present Waitekauri and Waihi Ridings, as described in the said *Gazette*, be amalgamated into one riding, under the name of Waitekauri Riding.

3. That the number of Councillors to be elected by each riding be altered, and be as follows:—

Paeroa Riding ..	..	3 Councillors.
Waitoa Riding ..	..	1 Councillor.
Karangahake Riding ..	..	3 Councillors.
Waitekauri Riding ..	..	2 Councillors.

4. That the special order carrying out the foregoing resolution shall come into force at the next general election of the Council—viz., on Wednesday, the 12th November, 1902; but in so far and to such extent as may be necessary for preparing any roll or otherwise providing for such election such special order shall come into force on the making and gazetting thereof.

The common seal of the Chairman, Councillors, and Inhabitants of the County of Ohinemuri was hereunto affixed by direction of the Council of the County of Ohinemuri this 5th day of June, 1902, by and in the presence of—

H. POLAND,
Chairman.
S. DRAFFIN,
Councillor.

I certify that the above special order was duly made and passed.

NEPEAN KENNY,
County Clerk.

Council Chambers, Paeroa, 5th June, 1902.

Special Order made by the Egmont Road Board, County of Taranaki.

The Treasury,
Wellington, 30th June, 1902.

THE following special order, made by the Egmont Road Board, is published in accordance with the provisions of "The Local Bodies' Loans Act, 1901."

J. G. WARD,
Acting Colonial Treasurer.

EGMONT ROAD DISTRICT.

Special Order.

In pursuance and exercise of the powers vested in them in that behalf by "The Road Boards Act, 1882," the Egmont Road Board do hereby resolve as follows:—

That, for the purpose of providing the interest and other charges on a loan of £350, authorised to be raised by the Egmont Road Board under the provisions of "The Local Bodies' Loans Act, 1886," for forming and metalling a part of the Paraita Road, in the County of Taranaki, the said Egmont Road Board do hereby make and levy a special rate of 1d. in the pound upon the rateable valuation of all rateable property of the Paraita Road Special Rating District, comprising—

	Block.	Survey District.	Area.		
Section 5 and Part Section 6	2	Paritutu ..	A.	R.	P.
			57	2	8
Part Section 34 ..	2	" ..	1	0	0
Part Section 34 ..	2	" ..	3	3	26
Part Section 34 ..	2	" ..	3	3	25
Part Section 34 ..	6	" ..	29	0	0
Parts Sections 35 and 36	6	" ..	19	0	5
Part Section 13 ..	11	" ..	10	0	0
Part Section 13 ..	11	" ..	9	0	0
Part Section 14 ..	6	" ..	5	0	0
Part Section 153 ..	6	" ..	10	3	16
Part Section 14 ..	6	" ..	44	1	6
Part Section 21 ..	6	" ..	39	2	0
Parts Sections 21 and 20	6	" ..	60	0	0
Sections 22 and 23 ..	7	" ..	101	3	0

And that such special rate shall be an annual-recurring rate during the currency of such loan, and be payable yearly on the 1st day of June in each and every year during a period equal to the currency of such loan, being a period of twenty-six years, or until the loan is fully paid off.

Passed at a special meeting of the said Egmont Road Board, this 23rd day of November, 1901. Confirmed this 21st day of December, 1901.

R. GLEGG,
Chairman.

I certify that the above special order has been duly made.

PAUL C. MORTON,
Clerk.

Special Order made by the Pollok Settlement Road Board.

The Treasury,
Wellington, 30th June, 1902.

THE following special order, made by the Pollok Settlement Road Board, is published in accordance with the provisions of "The Local Bodies' Loans Act, 1901."

J. G. WARD,
Acting Colonial Treasurer.

POLLOK SETTLEMENT ROAD DISTRICT.

Special Order.

THE following special order was made at a meeting of the Pollok Settlement Road Board held on Tuesday, 6th May, 1902, and was confirmed at a special meeting on Saturday, 21st June, 1902:—

In pursuance and exercise of the power vested in it in that behalf by "The Road Boards Act, 1882," and "The Local Bodies' Loans Act, 1901," the Pollok Settlement Road Board hereby resolves as follows:—

That, for the purpose of providing interest and other charges on a loan of £150 sterling, authorised to be raised by the Pollok Settlement Road Board, under the provisions of "The Local Bodies' Loans Act, 1901," for the purpose of paying for land taken for road deviations, fencing, and survey, the said Pollok Settlement Road Board hereby makes and levies a special rate of ¼d. in the pound upon the rateable valuation of all rateable property in the Pollok Settlement Road District, hereunder described: Bounded on the west by the coast; east, Manukau Harbour; south, Waipipi Road District; north, Awhitu Road District: and that such special rate shall be an annual-recurring rate during the currency of such loan, and be payable half-yearly on the 1st day of August and the 1st day of February in each and every year during the currency of such loan, being a period of thirty-two years, at 4 per cent., or until the loan is fully paid off.

JOHN TORBET,
Clerk, Pollok Settlement Road Board.

I hereby certify that the above special order has been duly passed in accordance with "The Road Boards Act, 1882," and "The Local Bodies' Loans Act, 1901."

JOHN TORBET,
Clerk, Pollok Settlement Road Board.

Result of Poll for Proposed Loan, Pohangina County Council.

The Treasury,
Wellington, 30th June, 1902.

THE following notice, received from the Chairman of the Pohangina County Council, is published in accordance with the provisions of "The Local Bodies' Loans Act, 1901."

J. G. WARD,
Acting Colonial Treasurer.

COUNTY OF POHANGINA.—THE NIKAU CREAMERY ROAD SPECIAL RATING DISTRICT.

The following is the result of a poll taken on Saturday, the 21st day of June, 1902, on a proposal of the Pohangina County Council to raise the sum of £300 by way of a loan under the provisions of "The Local Bodies' Loans Act, 1901," for the purpose of constructing the Nikau Creamery Road, and to levy a special rate on the value of the several properties within the above special rating district:—

Total number of votes recorded, 45: Number of votes recorded in favour of the proposal, 36; number of votes recorded against the proposal, 9.

The number of valid votes recorded in favour of the proposal being more than three-fifths of the total number of valid votes recorded, I hereby declare the proposal to be carried.

H. DICKIN,
Chairman, Pohangina County Council.

Pohangina, 23rd June, 1902.

Result of Poll for Proposed Loan, Mataongaonga Road Board.

The Treasury,
Wellington, 30th June, 1902.

THE following notice, received from the Chairman of the Mataongaonga Road Board, is published in accordance with the provisions of "The Local Bodies' Loans Act, 1901."

J. G. WARD,
Acting Colonial Treasurer.

MATAONGAONGA ROAD BOARD.

RESULT of poll taken upon the 7th day of June, 1902, upon a proposal to raise a special loan under "The Local Bodies' Loans Act, 1901," for the purpose of forming and metalling and providing necessary culverts for the Hakeke, Tinirau, Mawae, and Mamaku Streets, Eastown Road, the portion of Ikamoana Avenue lying between Kepa Street and Nixon Street, the portion of Kepa Street lying between Tinirau Street and Ikamoana Avenue in Eastown, and Eastown Extension and Nixon Street which passes through Sections 63 and 64, Block I., Ikitara Survey District, Ikamoana Street, the portion of Clapham Street lying between Ikamoana Street and Morgan Street, and Morgan Street in Sedgebrook Township, and White Street in the Township of Ladysmith.

The sum it is proposed to borrow for the purpose is £1,000. It is proposed to pledge as security for such loan a special rate of $\frac{1}{4}$ d. in the pound upon the rateable valuation of all rateable property of the Sedgebrook and Eastown Special Rating District, comprising the whole of that portion of the original Sedgebrook Estate which is bounded by the railway-line on the north-east, by Section 77, Block I., Ikitara Survey District, on the north, by the Wanganui River on the south-west, and No. 3 line of road on the east; said Section 77, Lots 1 to 19 of Section 78, Block I., Ikitara Survey District; Subdivision 31 of Sections 78 and 79, part of Subdivision 30 of the said Section 79, and Lots 1 to 7, Section 80, same survey district; and the whole of Eastown and Eastown Extension, and Lots 6, 7, 20, 24, 37, 38, and part of 39, Section 90, Block I., Ikitara Survey District; and part Lot 39 and Lots 40 and 41, Section 91, of same block: containing 642 acres (be the same a little more or less). Such special rate shall be an annual rate during the currency of such loan, being a period of forty-one years, or until the loan is fully paid off; and that such rate shall be payable half-yearly, on the 1st day of April and the 1st day of October in each and every year. The cost of raising the loan, and interest for the first year, will be paid out of the loan.

For the proposal 31 votes.
Against the proposal Nil.

I therefore hereby declare the proposal to be duly carried.

ROBERT NEILSON,
Chairman, Mataongaonga Road Board.

Notice to Mariners No. 45 of 1902.

Marine Department,
Wellington, 27th June, 1902.

THE following Notices to Mariners, received from the Marine Department, Brisbane, Queensland, are published for general information.

WM. HALL-JONES.

INNER ROUTE TO TORRES STRAITS.—BEACON ON Tih Tih Reef. REFERRING to Notice to Mariners No. 2 of 1902, notice is hereby given that the beacon on Tih Tih Reef, reported to be down, has now been re-erected.

Chart affected: No. 2921. Australia Directory, Vol. ii.

JOHN MACKAY,
Acting Portmaster.
Marine Department, Brisbane,
2nd June, 1902.

DISCONTINUANCE OF TIDE SIGNALS, UPPER FLATS LIGHTSHIP, FITZROY RIVER.

THE improvements in this portion of the Fitzroy River having rendered tide signals no longer necessary, notice is hereby given that on and after 30th June they will not be exhibited from the lightship.

Chart affected: No. 363. Australia Directory, Vol. ii.

JOHN MACKAY,
Acting Portmaster.
Marine Department, Brisbane,
4th June, 1902.

DISCONTINUANCE OF PILOT SERVICE, INSKIP POINT.

NOTICE is hereby given that on and after the 30th instant the pilot service at Inskip Point will be discontinued.

Vessels leaving Brisbane and requiring the services of a pilot through Sandy Straits are requested to give notice to the Marine Department at least twenty-four hours before departure.

Vessels from the north are requested to give similar notice to the Harbour Office, Rockhampton or Townsville.

Chart affected: No. 1068. Australia Directory, Vol. ii.

JOHN MACKAY,
Acting Portmaster.
Marine Department, Brisbane,
5th June, 1902.

Bonus for Treatment of Auriferous Black Sand.

Mines Department,
Wellington, N.Z., 14th November, 1901.

NOTICE is hereby given that a bonus of £2,000 will be paid to any person who, before the 1st January, 1904, shall invent such appliances as will successfully save gold from black sands in New Zealand.

The bonus will be paid on compliance with the following conditions:—

1. The invention shall, in its main features, differ from all machinery and appliances at present in use for the saving of gold, whether coarse or fine.

2. It shall be readily transportable from place to place, and shall be capable of utilising local water for all its requirements.

3. The invention must be capable of treating not less than 30 cubic yards an hour of black sand or any coarser material up to a diameter of 4 in.; and it must be capable of treating such material profitably where there is not more than a value, in gold, of 3d. per cubic yard; not less than 80 per cent. of the gold contained in the material to be recovered by the machine.

4. No bonus to be paid until the invention has been continuously worked for not less than six months, and it shall, during that period, have treated not less than 100,000 cubic yards of material, working three shifts a day.

5. The bonus will be paid on the certificate of an officer that not less than twenty persons other than the applicant for the bonus are successfully working the invention.

6. Any person who receives the bonus shall not be allowed to take out patent rights in New Zealand for his invention.

JAS. MCGOWAN,
Minister of Mines.

Bonus for the Production of Quicksilver.

Mines Office,
Wellington, 7th June, 1900.

NOTICE is hereby given that a bonus of fourpence (4d.) per pound will be paid on the production of the first one hundred thousand pounds weight (100,000 lb.) of good marketable retorted quicksilver, free from all impurities, from any mine in New Zealand, on the following conditions, that is to say:—

1. That at least one-third of the quantity is produced on or before the 31st March, 1903, and the remaining two-thirds on or before the 31st March, 1904.

2. No bonus will be payable until the whole of the one hundred thousand pounds (100,000 lb.) of quicksilver has been produced as stipulated to the satisfaction of an officer to be appointed by the Minister of Mines, and on whose certificate alone the bonus will be paid.

3. In the event of more than one person producing the required quantities of quicksilver before the dates named, inquiry will be made by the officer above referred to, when, if it is found that each applicant is equally entitled to a bonus, the amount will be divided in proportion to the quantities produced by each applicant, but in no case shall any bonus be paid until at least one hundred thousand pounds (100,000 lb.) of quicksilver has been produced in the aggregate.

JAS. MCGOWAN,
Minister of Mines.

Bonus for Plans for Cowshed.—Notice No. 703.

Department of Agriculture,
Wellington, 21st May, 1902.

IT is hereby notified that a first prize of twenty guineas and a second prize of ten guineas are offered by the Department for the best plan, with complete specification, of a cowshed suitable to house fifty cows, with fodder-sheds and dairy; also a first prize of seven guineas and a second prize of three guineas for the best plan and specification of a silo for the same number of cows: all plans and specifications, whether awarded a prize or not, to become the property of the Government.

Packages containing plans and specifications entered for these competitions should be addressed to the Secretary for Agriculture, Wellington, and marked outside "Cowshed Competition" or "Silo Competition," as the case may be, and forwarded so as to reach him by the 31st August, 1902.

The plans must be signed with a *nom de plume*, and must bear no indication as to the competitor's name; the competitor's signature and *nom de plume* must, however, be forwarded in a sealed envelope in the same package with the plans.

T. Y. DUNCAN,
Minister for Agriculture.

Results of Road Board Elections.

Colonial Secretary's Office,
Wellington, 2nd July, 1902.

THE following notices of the election of members of Road Boards have been received at this office, and are published in accordance with the provisions of "The Road Boards Act, 1882."

HUGH POLLEN,
Under-Secretary.

- Maungakamea Road District, County of Whangarei :
William Crawford.
H. A. Swaffield.
- Omaha Road District, County of Rodney :
William Greenwood.
William Neeley.
John Charles Wyatt.
- Ahuroa Road District, County of Rodney :
George Alexander Burns.
- Mount Eden Road District, County of Eden :
Oliver Nicholson.
Ronald R. Ross.
- Drury Road District, County of Manukau :
Luke Ballard.
James Cossey.
- Wairoa Road District, County of Manukau :
John Brownson Burgoyne.
Thomas Murray, sen.
- Mauku Road District, County of Manukau :
Patumahoe Ward—
James Boden.
William Thomas Wright.
- Mangere Road District, County of Manukau :
Thomas Henwood.
- Mercer Road District, County of Manukau :
Scott Hunter.
Robert McFarlane.
Michael Gallery.
Matthew Hunter.
Walter Brown.
- Waiuku Road District, County of Manukau :
Charles Thomas Barriball.
Peter Dromgool.
- Waitoa Road District, County of Piako :
Thomas Bellamy.
- Whangamarino Road District, County of Waikato :
John Smith.
Ernest Appleby.
John Barker.
- Oero Road District, County of Patangata :
Allen Marsh Williams.
Joseph Heathcote Williams.
- Taumumu Road District, County of Patangata :
John Scott Fleming.
George Coldham Williams.
- Makara Road District, County of Hutt :
Ward No. 1—
Thomas Henry Robinson.
Ward No. 2—
George Monk.
- Patea West Road District, County of Patea :
Thomas Allen.
Michael O'Sullivan.
Alfred Pearce.
J. W. F. Jones.
- Patea East Road District, County of Patea :
F. Sherwood.
T. Death.
W. F. Klingender.
- Mangorei Road District, County of Taranaki :
Charles Wells.
George Henry Herbert.
- Upper Moutere Road District, County of Waimea :
George Bensemann.
William Drogemuller.
- Stoke Road District, County of Waimea :
Alfred Allport.
John Best.
William Coleman.
Edmund Chisnall.
Jos. E. Bartlett.
Henry Lankow.
- Upper Waimakariri Road District, County of Selwyn :
J. S. Sim.
D. Manson.
- South Malvern Road District, County of Selwyn :
James Langdale.
Arthur Heneage Burkett.
- Mount Somers Road District, County of Ashburton :
William Hitchell.
William Taylor Chapman.
William Fergus.
William Henry Vincent.

- Balmoral Road District, County of Bruce :
John M. Begg.
John Miller.
Thomas A. Johnstone.
- Takaka Road District, County of Collingwood :
Robert Bartlett.
Andrew Sinclair.
Joshua Newport.

Commissioner's Decisions under Tariff Acts.

Department of Trade and Customs,
Wellington, 2nd July, 1902.

IT is hereby notified for public information that the Hon. the Commissioner of Trade and Customs has decided to interpret the Customs and Excise Duties Acts in relation to the undermentioned articles as follows:—

NOTE.—"Not otherwise enumerated" appears as n.o.e.; "other kinds" as o.k.; "articles and materials suited only for, and to be used solely in, the fabrication of goods in the colony" as a. & m.s. Articles marked thus * are revised decisions.

Articles, and how classed.	Rate of Duty.
02/590. Boiler for heating greenhouse; as boilers	20 per cent.
02/610. Bolts, expansion; as bolts	Free.
02/611. Cucumbers, cured (Chinese goods); as vegetables, preserved	20 per cent.
02/584. Ear-pliers for earmarking sheep; as agricultural implements	Free.
02/585. Front chains attached to leather strips; as saddlery and harness	20 per cent.
02/611. Ginger sliced in brine, tinned, (Chinese goods); as vegetables, preserved	20 per cent.
02/606. Hot-air apparatus, Tallerman's, for treating diseased joints; as surgical appliances	Free.
02/187. Nuts, cashew, and pignolia, for confectioners' use; as a. & m.s.	Free.
02/679. Pictures, Portfolios of the Nations Pictures, Cassell and Co.; as pictures	20 per cent.
02/462. Resins, medicinal, in their natural state; on the same footing as medicinal gums	Free.
02/672. Saccharine, pure, in the form of tabloids or tablets; as saccharine, under tariff of 1888	5s. the ounce.
*02/672. Saccharine in the form of tabloids or tablets, as specified in Squire's Companion to the B.P., page 319; as drugs and druggists' sundries n.o.e.	15 per cent.
02/614. Wine, Serravallo's Tonic (bark and iron); as druggists' sundries n.o.e.	15 per cent.

W. T. GLASGOW,
Secretary and Inspector.

Commissioner's Order No. 692.]

Notice by the Public Trustee under "The Unclaimed Lands Act, 1894."

To the owner or owners of a parcel of land containing 1 acre, more or less, being Allotment 121 of Section 2, at the corner of Brabant and Richard Streets, in the Town of Opotiki, in the Provincial District of Auckland. The grantee is William Birchfield, described as a private in the 1st Waikato Militia, who never uplifted his title, and of whom nothing can be traced. The land is occupied by Mr. Maurice McCarthy.

WHEREAS the Public Trustee has instituted inquiries, and has not thereby ascertained who the owner or owners of the above-described land is or are, and believes that such owner is, or owners are, not in the colony:

Now, this notice calls upon such owner or owners, within six months of the date of the publication of this notice in this Gazette, to establish to the satisfaction of the Public Trustee his or their title to the land specified in this notice; and, if such owner does or owners do not, within the time limited, so establish his or their title, the Public Trustee will exercise the powers and authorities granted to him in and by "The Unclaimed Lands Act, 1894."

Dated this 1st day of July, 1902.

J. W. POYNTON,
Public Trustee.

Notice by the Public Trustee under "The Unclaimed Lands Act, 1894."

To the owner or owners of a parcel of land, containing 1 acre, more or less, being Allotment 225 of Section 2, fronting Bridge Street, in the Town of Opotiki, in the Provincial District of Auckland. The registered owner is Robert Morgan, described as of Opotiki, settler, who cannot be traced.

WHEREAS the Public Trustee has instituted inquiries, and has not thereby ascertained who the owner or owners of the above-described land is or are, and believes that such owner is, or owners are, not in the colony:

Now, this notice calls upon such owner or owners, within six months of the date of the publication of this notice in this Gazette, to establish to the satisfaction of the Public Trustee his or their title to the land specified in this notice; and, if such owner does or owners do not, within the time limited, so establish his or their title, the Public Trustee will exercise the powers and authorities granted to him in and by "The Unclaimed Lands Act, 1894."

Dated this 27th day of June, 1902.

J. W. POYNTON,
Public Trustee.

Notice of Cancellation of Registry under "The Industrial Conciliation and Arbitration Act, 1900."

Department of Labour,
Wellington, 1st July, 1902.

NOTICE is hereby given that the registration of the New Plymouth Plumbers and Gasfitters' Industrial Union of Workers, registered No. 228, situated at New Plymouth, is hereby cancelled as from the date of the publication hereof in the *New Zealand Gazette*.

EDWARD TREGEAR,
Registrar of Industrial Unions.

Trade Union registered.

Friendly Societies' Registry Office,
Wellington, 2nd July, 1902.

THE Napier Carpenters and Joiners' Union, situated at Napier, is registered as a trade union under "The Trade Union Act, 1878," this 2nd day of July, 1902.

C. T. BENZONI,
Deputy Registrar.

Notice by the Public Trustee under "The Unclaimed Lands Act, 1894."

To the owner or owners of a parcel of land containing 1 rood, more or less, being Allotment 287 of Section 2, fronting Bridge Street, in the Town of Opotiki, in the Provincial District of Auckland. The grantee is Charles Jones, described as a private in the 1st Regiment of Waikato Militia, who never uplifted his title, and of whom nothing can be traced. The occupier is Mr. George Cuthbertson.

WHEREAS the Public Trustee has instituted inquiries, and has not thereby ascertained who the owner or owners of the above-described land is or are, and believes that such owner is, or owners are, not in the colony:

Now, this notice calls upon such owner or owners, within six months of the date of the publication of this notice in this Gazette, to establish to the satisfaction of the Public Trustee his or their title to the land specified in this notice; and, if such owner does or owners do not, within the time limited, so establish his or their title, the Public Trustee will exercise the powers and authorities granted to him in and by "The Unclaimed Lands Act, 1894."

Dated this 1st day of July, 1902.

J. W. POYNTON,
Public Trustee.

Officiating Ministers for 1902.—Notice No. 24.

Registrar-General's Office,
Wellington, 1st July, 1902.

PURSUANT to the provisions of an Act of the General Assembly of New Zealand passed in the forty-fourth year of the reign of Her late Majesty Queen Victoria, and intitled "The Marriage Act, 1880," the following names of Officiating Ministers within the meaning of the said Act are published for general information:—

The Church of the Province of New Zealand, commonly called the Church of England.

The Reverend W. Frederick Gover.

Methodist Church of Australasia.

The Reverend Walter Hawes Dyer.

E. J. VON DADELSZEN,
Registrar-General.

PARTICULARS of the Estates of Deceased Persons which have been placed under the Charge of the PUBLIC TRUSTEE for Management during the Month of June, 1902.

No.	Name of Deceased.	Colonial Residence.	Supposed British or Foreign Residence.	Date of Order, or Date of Filing of Election to administer.	Time of Deceased's Death.	Remarks.
1	Armstrong, Susan Howell	Wellington ..	England ..	6 June, 1902	15 Apr., 1900	Relatives known.
2	Baker, William ..	Wellington ..	.. ..	.. ..	28 Dec., 1901	.. ..
3	Constantine, Nicholas ..	Westport ..	Greece ..	.. ..	15 Jan., 1902	.. ..
4	Davidson, Arthur ..	Sydenham ..	Canada ..	21 June, 1902	18 Feb., 1894	Relatives known.
5	Duffy, Patrick ..	Hunterville ..	Ireland ..	21 June, 1902	31 May, 1902	.. ..
6	Eyre, Thomas ..	Sydney, N.S.W.	England ..	.. ..	22 Jan., 1902	Relatives known.
7	Fletcher, John ..	Te Karaka ..	.. ..	.. ..	31 Jan., 1902	Relatives known.
8	Freeman, Thomas M. ..	Christchurch ..	.. ..	.. ..	17 Jan., 1902	Relatives known.
9	Gibson, Annie ..	Westport ..	Ireland ..	6 June, 1902	21 Dec., 1901	Relatives known.
10	Hudson, John Battye ..	Port Albert ..	.. ..	28 June, 1902	19 Feb., 1902	Relatives known.
11	Letts, R. W. ..	.. ..	Nooitgedacht, South Africa	.. ..	13 Dec., 1900	Corporal, Kitchener's Horse.
12	Magee, William ..	Seacliff Asylum, Otago	.. ..	11 June, 1902	18 Mar., 1902	Relatives known.
13	Manley, James ..	Naseby ..	Ireland ..	.. ..	7 Jan., 1902	Relatives known.
14	Mann, John Randall ..	Auckland ..	England ..	21 June, 1902	26 May, 1902	Relatives known.
15	Miller, William ..	Port Molyneux ..	.. ..	21 June, 1902	5 May, 1902	Relatives known.
16	Moir, William ..	.. ..	Toronto, Canada	4 June, 1902	1 Dec., 1881	Relatives known.
17	Music, Roko ..	Orewa ..	Austria ..	.. ..	27 Nov., 1901	Relatives known.
18	McCracken, William Henry	Toko ..	.. ..	.. ..	30 Dec., 1901	Relatives known.
19	McGuire, James ..	East Road, Stratford	.. ..	.. ..	26 Nov., 1901	Relatives known.
20	McKey, Francis ..	Ahaura ..	Ireland ..	.. ..	21 Jan., 1902	Relatives known.
21	Newton, Matthew ..	Wyndham ..	England ..	.. ..	13 Nov., 1901	.. ..
22	Nicholson, Ralph ..	Livingstone ..	.. ..	20 June, 1902	12 Apr., 1902	Probate.
23	Olsen, John Martin ..	Shellback Creek, Ahaura	.. ..	16 June, 1902	13 May, 1902	Relatives known.
24	O'Sullivan, James ..	Charleston ..	Ireland ..	.. ..	About 19 Nov., 1901.	.. ..
25	Paterson, Euphemia Marshall	Dunedin ..	Scotland ..	.. ..	16 Jan., 1902	Relatives known.
26	Parker, Ann ..	Havelock ..	.. ..	14 June, 1902	27 May, 1902	Probate.
27	Rickards, Henry ..	Rotorua ..	England ..	.. ..	29 Nov., 1901	Relatives known.
28	Roberts, Benjamin ..	Blackball ..	.. ..	4 June, 1902	17 Apr., 1902	Relatives known.
29	Rogers, Percy ..	.. ..	Machavie, South Africa	11 June, 1902	12 Apr., 1902	Trooper, N.Z. Contingent.
30	Sayers, Mary ..	Dalefield ..	Adelaide, South Australia	23 May, 1902	22 Apr., 1902	Will annexed.
31	Schruffer, George ..	Allanton ..	Bavaria ..	16 June, 1902	19 Mar., 1879	Relatives known.
32	Tugwood, Frederick ..	Timaru ..	Suffolk, England	.. ..	14 Dec., 1901	.. ..
33	Wallace, William "Rangi"	Red Jacks ..	.. ..	.. ..	18 Sept., 1901	.. ..
34	Wilson, George ..	Waipahi Station, Otago	Ireland ..	11 June, 1902	20 Apr., 1902	.. ..

J. W. POYNTON,
Public Trustee.

Dated the 2nd day of July, 1902.

RETURN of IMMIGRATION to and EMIGRATION from the COLONY of NEW ZEALAND during the MONTH of MAY, 1902, showing the Places from which Persons arrived and to which they departed, and the Ports of Arrival and Departure.

ARRIVALS AND DEPARTURES FROM AND TO DIFFERENT PLACES.

Countries.	ARRIVALS.					DEPARTURES.				
	Adults.		Children.		Total Persons.	Adults.		Children.		Total Persons.
	M.	F.	M.	F.		M.	F.	M.	F.	
United Kingdom	69	39	10	11	129	232	152	23	22	429
Queensland .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Victoria	144	67	15	15	241	139	113	18	17	287
New South Wales	883	241	42	29	1,195	766	344	58	41	1,209
Western Australia .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
South Australia .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Tasmania	50	17	4	3	74	23	13	..	1	37
Fiji	13	4	3	1	21	31	27	8	5	71
Other British possessions .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Pacific Islands	19	7	2	2	30*	12	7	2	3	24†
Other foreign ports	7	3	..	1	11‡	38	11	2	1	52§
Totals, May, 1902	1,185	378	76	62	1,701	1,241	667	111	90	2,109
Totals, May, 1901	1,461	504	90	102	2,157	970	488	65	52	1,575

* From Friendly Islands, 9; Navigators, 8; Society, 10; Sandwich, 3. † For Friendly Islands, 11; Society, 13. ‡ From United States of America, West Coast. § For United States of America, West Coast, 49; Monte Video, 3.

ARRIVALS AT AND DEPARTURES FROM DIFFERENT NEW ZEALAND PORTS.*

Ports.	ARRIVALS.					DEPARTURES.				
	Adults.	Children.	Males.	Females.	Total Persons.	Adults.	Children.	Males.	Females.	Total Persons.
Auckland	426	46	321	151	472	524	62	376	210	586
Wellington	858	55	726	187	913	1,010	87	739	358	1,097
Greymouth	1	..	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..
Lyttelton .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	83	16	54	45	99
Dunedin .. .. .	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	1	..	1
Invercargill	278	37	213	102	315	290	36	182	144	326
Totals, May, 1902	1,563	138	1,261	440	1,701	1,908	201	1,352	757	2,109
Totals, May, 1901	1,965	192	1,551	606	2,157	1,458	117	1,035	540	1,575

CHINESE.—Arrivals at—Auckland, 4; Wellington, 6. Departures from—Auckland, 2; Wellington, 20.

* It is important to mention that, in the returns from which this table is made up, immigrants to the colony are all counted at the first port of arrival, and emigrants at the final port of departure.

Registrar-General's Office,
Wellington, 1st July, 1902.

E. J. VON DADELSZEN,
Registrar-General.

Tenders for Period from 1st June, 1902, to 31st May, 1905, for Supply of Satchels, Valises, and Leggings.

THE following is a list of successful and unsuccessful tenderers for the above-noted articles :—

Name of Tenderer.	Letter-carriers' Satchels.			Telegraph Messengers' Satchels.	Letter-carriers' and Telegraph Messengers' Leggings.	Linemen's Valises.
	Large.	Medium.	Small.			
Butler Bros., Wellington	12/6	9/6	8/	2/9	4/6	16/
<i>Accepted.</i>						
Brace, Windle, Blyth, & Co., Dunedin	24/6	20/6	16/	8/	8/3	21/6
W. H. Travis, Christchurch	11/6	10/6	9/6	6/	5/ (T.M.)	14/
Bowron Bros., Christchurch	17/6, 15/	17/6, 15/	17/6, 15/	4/	4/9, 4/5, 4/3, 4/6	17/6
Isaac Hill, Auckland	15/6	15/6	15/6	5/	7/	20/
Fogarty and Co., Dunedin .. .. .	..	..	..	..	5/	..
R. G. Knight, Wellington	22/6	20/	18/	5/6	5/	16/6
A. Dempsey, Wellington	19/	15/	12/	5/	5/	15/
J. E. Evans, Wellington	20/	16/6	12/6	5/	5/3	16/
Colville and Priest, Wellington	17/6	15/	12/6	6/	6/	20/
W. Wiggins, Wellington	16/9	14/3	12/3	4/9	5/6	15/

General Post Office, Wellington, 27th June, 1902.

J. K. LOGAN,
Superintendent of Electric Lines.

Census, 1901.—Occupations of the People.

Registrar-General's Office, Wellington, 30th June, 1902.

FURTHER results of the census taken for the 31st March, 1901, showing the occupations of the people in the Provincial Districts of Auckland, Wellington, and Otago, are published for general information.

E. J. von DADELSZEN,
Registrar-General.

OCCUPATIONS.—ORDERS.

TABLE showing (exclusive of Maoris) the Male and Female Population of the Provincial Districts of Auckland, Wellington, and Otago, arranged according to Order of Occupation, as returned at the Census taken for the 31st March, 1901.

Occupations (arranged in Twenty-seven Orders).	Provincial Districts.								
	Auckland.			Wellington.			Otago.		
	Persons.	Males.	Females.	Persons.	Males.	Females.	Persons.	Males.	Females.
CLASS I.—PROFESSIONAL*—									
Order 1. Persons engaged in government, defence, law, and protection (not otherwise classed) ..	881	853	28	2,035	1,989	46	766	746	20
Order 2. Persons ministering to religion, charity, health, education, art, and science ..	4,415	2,475	1,940	3,761	1,998	1,763	3,569	1,830	1,739
CLASS II.—DOMESTIC—									
Order 3. Persons engaged in the supply of board and lodging, and in rendering personal service for which remuneration is usually paid ..	7,179	1,613	5,566	7,085	1,393	5,692	7,488	1,236	6,252
CLASS III.—COMMERCIAL—									
Order 4. Persons who perform offices in connection with the exchange, valuation, insurance, lease, loan, or custody of money, houses, land, or property rights ..	1,259	1,151	108	1,278	1,130	148	1,262	1,136	126
Order 5. Persons dealing in art and mechanic productions in which matters of various kinds are employed in combination ..	526	445	81	464	388	76	523	455	68
Order 6. Persons engaged in the sale, hire, or exchange of textile fabrics and dress, and of fibrous articles ..	1,288	940	348	1,047	799	248	1,270	980	290
Order 7. Persons engaged in dealing in food, drinks, narcotics, and stimulants† ..	2,344	2,084	260	1,795	1,651	144	2,051	1,855	196
Order 8. Persons engaged in dealing in and treating animals, and dealing in animal and vegetable substances, excluding dealers in food† ..	533	520	13	465	448	17	564	553	11
Order 9. Persons engaged in dealing in minerals or other substances mainly used for fuel and light ..	142	140	2	121	120	1	243	237	6
Order 10. Persons engaged in dealing in minerals other than for fuel and light ..	517	504	13	317	311	6	324	314	10
Order 11. Persons engaged as general dealers or in mercantile pursuits (not elsewhere classed) ..	2,793	2,245	548	2,444	1,961	483	2,613	2,038	575
Order 12. Persons engaged as speculators on chance events ..	21	20	1	7	6	1	11	11	..
Order 13. Persons engaged in storage ..	195	195	..	230	225	5	262	262	..
CLASS IV.—TRANSPORT AND COMMUNICATION—									
Order 14. Persons engaged in the transport of passengers or goods, or in effecting communications ..	5,463	5,321	142	4,462	4,353	109	4,715	4,606	109
CLASS V.—INDUSTRIAL—									
Order 15. Persons engaged in connection with the manufacture of, or in other processes relating to, art and mechanic productions, in which materials of various kinds are employed in combination ..	4,641	4,383	258	3,909	3,664	245	4,303	4,126	177
Order 16. Persons engaged in connection with the manufacture of, or in repairs, cleansing, or in other processes relating to, textile fabrics, dress, and fibrous materials ..	4,920	1,896	3,024	3,888	1,622	2,266	5,902	1,972	3,930
Order 17. Persons engaged in connection with the manufacture of, or in other processes relating to, food, drinks, narcotics, and stimulants ..	1,553	1,477	76	1,490	1,438	52	1,674	1,563	111
Order 18. Persons (not otherwise classed) engaged in connection with manufactures or other processes connected with animal and vegetable substances ..	343	337	6	451	451	..	504	493	11
Order 19. Persons engaged in the alteration, modification, or manufacture of, or in other processes relating to, metals or mineral matters ..	1,684	1,682	2	1,448	1,447	1	2,336	2,332	4
Order 20. Persons engaged in the conversion of coal and other substances to purposes of heat, light, or forms of energy (not otherwise classed) ..	184	184	..	134	131	3	90	90	..
Order 21. Persons engaged in the construction or repair of buildings, roads, railways, canals, docks, earthworks, &c., or in operations the nature of which is undefined ..	4,922	4,919	3	4,934	4,931	3	4,718	4,715	3
Order 22. Persons engaged in the disposal of the dead, of dead matter, silt, or refuse ..	41	40	1	44	44	..	43	43	..
Order 23. Industrial and other workers imperfectly defined ..	3,267	3,135	132	3,875	3,711	164	4,229	3,897	332

* In the Professional Class are included persons returned as "Government officers"; but the figures given under this heading do not represent the full number employed by Government, the principle adopted having been to complete other groups where the scheme of classification required it, rather than to show the total number paid by Government. Thus, Postal and Telegraph officers are classified under "Transport and Communication," in Class IV. Railway employees are similarly dealt with. The full statement of persons paid by Government but not included in Order 1, would comprise some or all of the following: Persons connected with charitable or benevolent institutions, hospitals and lunatic asylums, museums, education, life insurance, railways, harbours, lighthouses, post and telegraph and mines, also civil engineers, electricians, surveyors and assistants, architects and draughtsmen, printers and binders in the Government Printing Office, and artisans in Government Railway workshops.

† Not including primary producers grouped under Class VI.

OCCUPATIONS.—ORDERS.

TABLE showing (exclusive of Maoris) the Male and Female Population of the Provincial Districts of Auckland, Wellington, and Otago, arranged according to Order of Occupation, as returned at the Census taken for the 31st March, 1901—*continued*.

Occupations (arranged in Twenty-seven Orders).	Provincial Districts.								
	Auckland.			Wellington.			Otago.		
	Persons.	Males.	Females.	Persons.	Males.	Females.	Persons.	Males.	Females.
CLASS VI.—AGRICULTURAL, PASTORAL, MINERAL, AND OTHER PRIMARY PRODUCERS— Order 24. Persons directly engaged in the cultivation of land, in breeding and rearing animals, or in obtaining raw products from natural sources ..	25,230	24,671	559	15,348	14,811	537	26,435	25,685	750
CLASS VII.—INDEFINITE— Order 25. Persons whose occupations are undefined or unknown, embracing those who derive incomes from sources which cannot be directly related to any other class	2,006	1,327	679	1,170	744	426	1,529	1,059	470
CLASS VIII.—DEPENDENTS— Order 26. Persons dependent upon natural guardians Order 27. Persons dependent upon the State or upon public or private support	98,208	29,479	68,729	77,862	23,753	54,109	94,427	27,491	66,936
	1,296	838	458	1,132	576	556	1,255	785	470
Total specified	175,851	92,874	82,977	141,196	74,095	67,101	173,106	90,510	82,596
Occupation not stated	87	70	17	158	139	19	39	24	15
Total	175,938	92,944	82,994	141,354	74,234	67,120	173,145	90,534	82,611

CROWN LANDS NOTICES.

Land in Taranaki for Sale under Section 117 of "The Land Act, 1892."

District Lands and Survey Office,
New Plymouth, 2nd July, 1902.

IT is hereby notified, in pursuance of section 240 of "The Land Act, 1892," that the undermentioned Crown lands will be offered to the holder of the adjoining land, under section 117 of the said Act, on and after Friday, the 3rd day of October, 1902.

SCHEDULE.

TARANAKI LAND DISTRICT.

SECTION 665, Patea District, Block VI., Hawera Survey District: Area, 1 acre and 6 perches.

JAS. MCKENZIE,
Commissioner of Crown Lands.

Forest Reserve in Auckland for Lease by Public Auction.

District Lands and Survey Office,
Auckland, 28th May, 1902.

IT is hereby notified that a grazing lease, as under, will be submitted for sale by public auction at this office on Friday, the 18th day of July, 1902, at 11 a.m.

SCHEDULE.

PARISH WAIPAREIRA (WAITEMATA COUNTY).

SECTION 184, containing 300 acres, and known as the Forest Reserve, situated two miles from Swanson Railway-station. Upset annual rental, £5.

Terms of lease: Seven years; for grazing purposes only.

The lease will convey no right to fell or remove any live or dead trees or timber, whether standing or lying on the ground.

No compensation for improvements at any time, but lessee may remove all fencing and buildings erected on the land. The lease will be subject to the conditions of section 232 of "The Land Act, 1892."

GERHARD MUELLER,
Commissioner of Crown Lands.

Lands in Southland Land District forfeited and surrendered.

Department of Lands and Survey, Wellington, 1st July, 1902.

IT is hereby notified that, the leases or licenses of the undermentioned lands having been forfeited, or the surrender accepted, by resolutions of the Southland Land Board, the said lands have reverted to the Crown under the provisions of "The Land Act, 1892."

Lessee or Licensee.	System.	Lease or License No.	Section.	Block.	Locality.
Charles Laurie (deceased)	P.L.	245	8	X.	New River Hundred.
Robert Arthur Edwards	L. in P.	349	101 and 102	XXII.	Invercargill Hundred.
Jane Lawrence .. .. .	.. .. .	468	110	XXIII.	.. .. .
William Stroud	P.L.V.	366	5	VIII.	Makarewa Township.
William Bradley	L. in P.	649	108, 109, 110, and 115	..	Takitimo Survey District.
Thomas Reidy	L. in P. V.H.	1	62	XXII.	Invercargill Hundred.

T. Y. DUNCAN,
Minister of Lands.

Crown Land in Fencourt Settlement, Auckland Land District, open for Selection on Lease in Perpetuity.

District Lands and Survey Office,
Auckland, 17th June, 1902.

NOTICE is hereby given that the undermentioned Crown land will be open for selection on lease in perpetuity, at this office, on Wednesday, the 13th August, 1902, under the provisions of "The Land for Settlements Consolidation Act, 1900," and its amendments.
In the event of more than one application being received for the section on the same day, priority of selection will be decided by ballot.

SCHEDULE.

AUCKLAND LAND DISTRICT.—WAIKATO COUNTY.—CAMBRIDGE SURVEY DISTRICT.—FENCOURT SETTLEMENT.
First-class Land.

Section.	Block.	Area.	Lease in Perpetuity: Rent, 5 per Cent.			
			Rent per Acre.		Half-yearly Rent.	
		A. R. P.	s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
25	V.	280 0 30	5 0		35 0 6	

Partly hilly land, balance well-drained alluvial swamp; nearly all in grass. Fenced for about 170 chains on north-east and west sides by post-and-wire fences. Distant about three miles and a half from Cambridge and two miles and a half from the cheese-factory. Improvements: Fencing, £120; grass, £200.

GERHARD MUELLER,
Commissioner of Crown Lands.

Land in Aparima Hundred for Sale under Section 114 of "The Land Act, 1892."

District Lands and Survey Office,
Invercargill, 8th April, 1902.

IT is hereby notified, in pursuance of section 240 of "The Land Act, 1892," that the undermentioned Crown land will be offered to the holder of the adjoining land under section 114 of "The Land Act, 1892," on or after the 9th July, 1902.

SCHEDULE.

SECTION 51, Block III., Aparima Hundred: 1 acre 3 roods 11 perches.

JOHN HAY,
Commissioner of Crown Lands.

Pastoral Runs, Otago, for Lease by Public Auction.

District Lands and Survey Office,
Dunedin, 17th June, 1902.

NOTICE is hereby given that the undermentioned pastoral runs will be offered for lease by public auction, at the District Lands and Survey Office, Dunedin, on Monday, the 11th day of August, 1902, at 11 o'clock a.m., for the term of fourteen years, at the upset annual rentals stated below.

SCHEDULE.

OTAGO LAND DISTRICT.

SECTIONS 29, Block VII., and 72, Block IV., Table Hill District, Bruce County: Area, 145 acres 1 rood 27 perches; upset annual rental, £7 5s. Rough hilly country, well watered; fair pastoral land; situated about three miles from Round Hill Siding, on the branch railway-line to Lawrence. Possession of this run will be given on the 1st March, 1903.

Run No. 221c, Vincent County: Area, 4,600 acres; upset annual rental, £30. This run is part of what is commonly known as the Clyde Commonage, and is all open undulating land with a good aspect. About 1,000 acres are level, dry, and rather poor land; but the remainder of the run consists of gently rising slopes carrying a very fair sole of grass. The altitude varies from 700 ft. to 2,000 ft. There is water in Waikerikeri Creek, near the eastern boundary, and also in some of the gullies. This run is situated near the Town of Clyde. Possession will be given on day of sale.

Valuations for improvements must be paid to the Receiver of Land Revenue, Dunedin, before the licensees will be let into possession.

The above runs will be sold generally in accordance with the provisions of Part VI. of "The Land Act, 1892."

Purchasers must deposit statutory declarations required by section 62 of "The Land Act, 1892," and pay the first half-year's rent, together with license fee (£1 ls.), on fall of the hammer.

D. BARRON,
Commissioner of Crown Lands.

Crown Lands in Otago Land District for Sale under Section 114 of "The Land Act, 1892."

District Lands and Survey Office,
Dunedin, 30th April, 1902.

IT is hereby notified, in pursuance of section 240 of "The Land Act, 1892," that the undermentioned Crown lands will be offered to the holder of the adjoining land, under section 114 of the said Act, on or after Friday, the 1st day of August, 1902.

SCHEDULE.

SECTION 19, Block XIV., Pomahaka Downs Estate: 10 acres.

D. BARRON,
Commissioner of Crown Lands.

Rural Lands in the Auckland Land District open for Sale or Selection.

District Lands and Survey Office, Auckland, 16th June, 1902.

THE undermentioned Crown lands will be open for sale or selection, at this office, in terms of section 136 of "The Land Act, 1892," either for cash, for occupation with right of purchase, or for lease in perpetuity, at the option of the selector, on and after Wednesday, the 13th day of August, 1902.

In the event of more than one application being received for the same section on the same day, priority of election will be decided by ballot.

SCHEDULE.

FIRST-CLASS LAND.

County.	District.	Section.	Block.	Area.	Cash Price.		Occupation with Right of Purchase: Rent, 5 per Cent.		Lease in Perpetuity Rent, 4 per Cent.	
					Per Acre.	Total Price.	Rent per Acre.	Half-yearly Rent.	Rent per Acre.	Half-yearly Rent.
				A. R. P.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	s. d.	£ s. d.	s. d.	£ s. d.

Whangarei | Purua .. | 26 | X. | 238 3 24 | 1 15 0 | 418 5 0 | 1 9 | 10 9 2 | 1 4 8 | 8 7 4
Level and undulating volcanic land; about 60 acres mixed forest, balance open land, the greater part being very stony. One mile from Poroti, and about twelve miles from Whangarei.

Whangarei | Purua .. | 7 | XIII. | 333 0 0 | 1 0 0 | 333 0 0 | 1 0 | 8 6 6 | 0 9 6 | 6 13 3
About 60 acres good volcanic land and 20 acres mixed forest; balance inferior soil. Well watered, and situated about four miles from Poroti.

GERHARD MUELLER,
Commissioner of Crown Lands.

NATIVE LAND COURT NOTICES.

Sitting of the Native Land Court at Rotorua, Auckland.

Registrar's Office, Auckland, 25th June, 1902.

NOTICE is hereby given that the several matters mentioned in the Schedule hereunder written will be heard by the Native Land Court sitting at Rotorua on the 23rd day of July, 1902, or as soon thereafter as the business of the Court will allow.

[Auckland, 1902-29.]

JAS. W. BROWNE, Registrar.

SCHEDULE.

APPLICATIONS FOR PARTITION.

No.	Name of Applicant.	Name of Land.
1914	Horomona Himiona, Hona Katene, Rawiri Katene, and Makurata Katene (232-22, 4/81)	Paehinahina.
1915	Miriana te Tapuke, Ngakuru, Taituha Matenga, Matene te Aue, and Mamae te Aue (273-7, 4/84)	Paeroa East No. 3B.

APPLICATIONS TO DETERMINE RELATIVE INTERESTS.

No.	Name of Applicant.	Name of Land.
2036	Te Kotuhi Taiapo and Te Kaiwhakapaepae (38-6, 4/85)	.. Harakekeroa B No. 2.
2037	Te Puhī Tanira and Te Kotuhi Taiapo (213-4, 4/86)	.. Omania, Whakapoungakau No. 8.

APPLICATIONS UNDER SECTION 39 OF "THE NATIVE LAND COURT ACT, 1894."

No.	Name of Applicant.	Name of Land.	Nature of Application.
2038	Rangikaawatea Heperi and others (109-14A, 2/64)	Rotomahana Parekarangi (No. 3A, Paeroa Maunga)	Application to include the names of seven persons omitted from the partition order for the said land.
2039	Keepa T. K. Heperi, Rehia Rangikaawatea, Titari te Keepa, Karaitiana Heperi, Hurhia Ngapoti, Wi Tauteka, Hingaia W. Tauteka, Herapeka W. Tauteka, Ngarangi Te Keepa, Haereiteao Titari, Petera, Tupuritia, Pare, Tawhio, and Titihuia (109-23, 2/89)	Paeroa Maunga (Rotomahana Parekarangi No. 3A)	Application for the inclusion of their names in the partition order for the said land.

CLAIMS OF THE DISTRICT OF MAKETU.

APPLICATION FOR PARTITION.

No.	Name of Applicant.	Name of Land.
2040	Te Mapu Tohiariki, Te Arani Henare, and Hohi Ihakara (663-21, 3/164)	Maungarangi B No. 7.

APPLICATION FOR LETTERS OF ADMINISTRATION WITH WILL ANNEXED.

No.	Name of Applicant.	Name of Deceased.
2056	Te Hata Reha (391, 1/170)	.. Reha Paerau.

APPLICATION UNDER SECTION 39 OF "THE NATIVE LAND COURT ACT, 1894."

No.	Name of Applicant.	Name of Land.	Nature of Application.
2057	W. K. Wihapi (302-81, 2/84)	Rangiuru No. 1A, No. 1B, No. 2A, No. 2B, No. 2C, and No. 2D	Application for the inclusion of the names of Wihapi te Koata, Heketa Rarunga, Pinia te Ara, Hoani te Wharehere, and Wi Karena Moho in the orders for the said land.

Sitting of the Native Land Court at Gisborne.

Registrar's Office, Gisborne, 21st June, 1902.

NOTICE is hereby given that a sitting of the Native Land Court will be held at Gisborne on the 14th day of July, 1902, to hear and determine the several matters mentioned in the Schedule hereunder written, in respect of which applications have been received by the Registrar, and all such other matters as may be lawfully brought before it.

[Gisborne, 1902-2.]

JOHN BROOKING, Registrar.

SCHEDULE.

APPLICATIONS FOR CONFIRMATION OF ALIENATIONS.

No.	Nature of Alienation	Date.	Name of Land.	Names of Parties.
402	Transfer	7th June, 1902 ..	Part of Section 13, Township of Gisborne	Jonathan Kennedy to Joseph Kennedy.
403	Lease	7th June, 1902 ..	Umuhaku No. 1 ..	Hemi Ngarangikatuku and Hemi Kiti Mokena to A. Wright.
404	Transfer	28th April, 1894 ..	Kaiti No. 156 ..	Rawinia Apatu to Mere Morera.
405	Lease	21st March, 1902 ..	Tahoka No. 5, Taruheru L, G, and H	Mahaki Paraone to J. Kennelly.
406	Sale	23rd August, 1901 ..	Section 402, Clyde ..	Raiha Kopu, Katerina Kopu, Hiria Kopu, and Itiria Kopu to P. Crarer.
407	Sale	10th September, 1901	Section 404, Clyde ..	Raiha Kopu, Katerina Kopu, Itiria Kopu, and Hiria Kopu to W. Timperley.
408	Mortgage	21st January, 1902 ..	Part of Kaiti 209 ..	Jemima Black to Trustees of will of Walter Black.
409	Transfer	29th January, 1902 ..	Karaka No. 5 ..	Ioapa Wahie or Ioapa te Hau to Te Ira Ranganui.
410	Lease	12th November, 1901	Section 17, Block VI., Whataupoko	Peti Taihuka to C. P. Browne.
411	Transfer	18th June, 1900 ..	Part of Piritarau No. 1d	Wi Haereroa to T. Reedy.
412	Lease	28th September, 1901	Tahoka No. 2 ..	Mahaki Paraone to T. McGregor.
413	Mortgage	22nd February, 1902..	Section 2, Matawhero No. 1	Puhara Timo to T. J. Goldsmith.
414	Lease	4th March, 1902 ..	Section 2, Matawhero No. 1	Raiha Taketake to J. H. Aislabie.
415	Lease	13th July, 1901 ..	Kaiti 298 and part of 299	Heni te Auraki to W. Bell.
416	Mortgage	23rd April, 1902 ..	Ruangarehu H and H1	James B. Poynter to the Superintendent, Government Advances to Settlers.
417	Mortgage	15th April, 1902 ..	Allotment 16A, part of Maraetaha and Te Kuri	Thomas Bartlett to G. R. Johnson and C. White.
418	Transfer	30th December, 1901	Tauwhareparae No. 3A	Mikena Hurahura to R. Fitzgerald.
419	Conveyance	29th April, 1902 ..	Ruangarehu C ..	Atria Broughton, William Muhunga Broughton, and Thomas Trumper to J. J. H. Marshall.
420	Transfer	6th November, 1901 ..	Lot 21 of Allotment 84A, Town of Gisborne	Peka Kerekere to B. Muldoon.
421	Mortgage	17th June, 1902 ..	Section 9, Block F, Whataupoko	Mere Inoi to the Gisborne Co-operative Building Society.
422	Mortgage	22nd April, 1902 ..	Karaka No. 5 ..	Te Ira Ranganui to M. E. Norman.
423	Mortgage	6th May, 1902 ..	Kaiti 199, 200, 206, and 207	Harete Taihuka to M. A. Desborough and G. Palaret.
424	Transfer	9th April, 1900 ..	Rakaiketeroa B ..	Karaitiana Ruru and Patoromu Ruru to Hiraina Rerekaipuke.
425	Lease	12th February, 1902 ..	Kaiti 313 2F3 ..	Mihi Pahura and Marara Hinehuirangi to J. W. Nolan.
426	Lease	22nd March, 1902 ..	Kaiti 313 2F4 ..	Karaitiana te Eke and Piriniha te Eke to J. W. Nolan.
427	Lease	10th December, 1901	Kaiti 313 2F5 ..	Maata te Kani and Te Eke Maki to J. W. Nolan.
428	Transfer	29th December, 1900	Ranganui No. 1B ..	Maora Pani to J. C. Parker.
429	Transfer	5th January, 1900 ..	Tiraotane No. 3B ..	Tiripa Puku and Ngarue Hinaki to J. C. Parker.
430	Transfer	26th May, 1902 ..	Taoroa No. 2B ..	Tuta Nihoniho to T. E. Sherwood.
431	Transfer	18th June, 1902 ..	Section 7, Waikanae, No. 1b	Heni Materoa and Parekeiha to G. H. Norris.
432	Mortgage	18th June, 1902 ..	Taruheru L ..	Parehatara Mahaki to A. Smith.
ADJOURNED CLAIMS.				
433	Mortgage	15th June, 1899 ..	Whangara K ..	Heni Korukoru to Apikara Lardelli.
434	Transfer	11th July, 1900 ..	Sections 2 and 4, Papawhariki	Piriniha te Eke to Maria Nikora.

APPLICATIONS FOR PARTITION.

No.	Name of Applicant.	Name of Land.
435	J. Kennedy	Abipakura C and B.
436	Ereatara Rangiwhaitiri	Hurimoana.
437	Te Eke Maki	Kaiti No. 313, 2F.
438	Rawinia te Apatu	Karaka No. 4.
439	Pimia Mills	Kowhai North.
440	Ruta Tawhiao	Manukawhitikitiki C.
441	Heni Tipuna (otherwise Heni Kara) and others	Mirimiri No. 2E.
442	Pimia Mills	Okahuatuu No. 2D 2B.
443	J. N. Williams	Pouawa No. 2H1.
444	Rawiri Karaha and others	Puatai.
445	Rawiri Karaha and others	Pokotakina.
446	Rawiri H. Marino and Ihaka M. Te Waru.. .. .	Tuawhatu No. 3.
447	Hemi Kiti Mokena, successor to Keita Pongarau	Umuhaku No. 1.
448	John Clark	Whatatuna No. 10.
449	Emily Jane Gray	Waihora No. 2B1.
ADJOURNED CLAIMS.		
450	Ereatara Rangiwhaitiri	Kowhai North.
451	Pimia Aata and others	Okahuatuu No. 1A.
452	Teira Ranginui	Poututu A4B.
453	Merena Ngarangione	Puninga No. 12.
454	Tiripa Puku	Puninga.
455	Ani Mirata and others	Puhatikotiko No. 7B 2D.
456	Peti Toka	Rangaiohinehau 4B3.
457	Tuku Pita and Maraea Parotene	Tauwharetoi No. 2.
458	Hipora Niania and others	Tauwharetoi No. 2.
459	Ruta Hape and Rawiri Karaha.. .. .	Whangara N.
460	Apiata te Hame and others	Whangara N.
461	Paora Pere	Whatatuna No. 9.
462	Tiripa Puku	Whareongaonga.
463	Oriwia Tu	Whatatutu B3C.
464	Amiria Tipoki	Okahuatuu No. 1D 2B4.
465	Rangikohera	Puhatikotiko No. 3.
466	Riria Mauaranui	Paraeroa No. 1.
467	Arapere Pere and others	Paraeroa No. 2.
468	Het-kia te Kani Pere	Rangarira No. 1.
469	Wi Pere and Riria Mauaranui	Whatatutu No. 2.
470	Wi Pere and Riria Mauaranui	Whatatutu B2.
471	Rangikohera and others	Waikohu-Matawai No. 1.
472	Hemi Ngarangikatuku	Whareongaonga C No. 10.
473	Peka Kerekere	Okahuatuu No. 1A.
474	Peti Karaitiana	Okahuatuu No. 1D 2B.
475	Pauera te Aitu and Hoera Ngaungau	Whareongaonga.
476	Harata Poiwa	Wharaurangi.
477	Tamihana Waitatakina	Nukutaurua No. 2.
478	Tamihana Waitatakina	Nukutaurua No. 3.
479	Mere te Irikohai and others	Tawapata South 3, 4, 5, 6, and 7.
480	Tamihana Tieke	Tawapata South 3, 4, 5, 6, and 7.
481	Te Airana Kaipuke	Kaupapa.
482	Karepa and Kakikaki Kuhukuhu	Puninga No. 11.
483	Matene Wehikore and Ruihi Tawai	Poukokonga No. 2.
484	Whakaue Hone	Ruachinetu No. 1A1.
485	Noa Wakaatere	Whangara H.

APPLICATIONS FOR SURVEY CHARGING ORDERS.

No.	Name of Applicant.	Name of Land.	Amount.
486	Alfred Teesdale	Tahora 2c1, Section 3 No. 1	£ s. d. 16 3 6
487	Alfred Teesdale	Tahora 2c3, Section 2	242 17 6
488	Alfred Teesdale	Tahora 2c2, Section 2	84 12 0
489	Alfred Teesdale	Tahora 2f, Section 2	182 1 9
490	Alfred Teesdale	Tahora 2c1, Section 3	211 1 0
491	Alfred Teesdale	Tahora 2c1, Section 3 No. 2	252 14 10
492	Alfred Teesdale	Tahora 2f, Section 2 No. 1	8 7 3
493	Alfred Teesdale	Tahora 2f, Section 2 No. 2	122 17 6
ADJOURNED CLAIMS.			
494	Rapata Taita and others	Pakarae Nos. 1 and 2	48 10 0
495	Rapata Taita and others	Pakarae Nos. 1A and 1c	27 6 0
496	Rapata Taita and others	Pakarae Nos. 2B, 2c, 2D, and 2E	16 10 0

APPLICATIONS UNDER SECTION 90 OF "THE PUBLIC WORKS ACT, 1894," FOR ASSESSMENT OF COMPENSATION FOR LANDS TAKEN FOR THE PURPOSES OF THE GISBORNE-KARAKA RAILWAY.

No.	Area of Land taken.	Names of Lands of which Portions have been taken.	Survey District.	No. of Plan.	Date of Proclamation and No. of Gazette.
497	A. R. P. 10 0 0	Waiohiharore No. 2	Turanganui	P.W.D. 19049 and 19212	Gazette No. 79, 13th September, 1900.
	11 0 23	Waiohiharore No. 1D	Turanganui	P.W.D. 19049 and 19212	Gazette No. 79, 13th September, 1900.
	1 0 31	Section 5, Waikanae	Turanganui	P.W.D. 19049 and 19212	Gazette No. 43, 2nd May, 1901.
	0 3 3	Taumatao te Ruku	Turanganui	P.W.D. 19049 and 19212	Gazette No. 43, 2nd May, 1901.
	0 3 26	Subdivision D of Matawhero No. 5 Block	Turanganui	P.W.D. 19049 and 19212	Gazette No. 43, 2nd May, 1901.

APPLICATIONS UNDER SECTION 90 OF "THE PUBLIC WORKS ACT, 1894," FOR ASSESSMENT OF COMPENSATION FOR LANDS TAKEN IN THE NUHAKA SURVEY DISTRICT FOR HARBOUR PURPOSES.

No.	Area of Land taken.	Name of Lands taken.	Survey District.	No. of Plan.	Date of Proclamation and Gazette.
498	A. R. P. 5 3 0	Portion of Block III., Waikokopu	Nuhaka	.. P.W.D. 19557	.. 13th February, 1902.
	8 3 0	Portion of Block III., Waikokopu	Nuhaka	.. P.W.D. 19557	.. 13th February, 1902.
	37 0 0	The whole of Block I., Waikokopu	Nuhaka	.. P.W.D. 19557	.. 13th February, 1902.

APPLICATION UNDER SECTION 69 OF "THE NATIVE LAND COURT ACT, 1894," FOR A ROAD.

No.	Name of Applicant.	Name of Land.
499	Heni te Auraki	Repongaere No. 4.

APPLICATION UNDER SECTION 40 OF "THE NATIVE LAND COURT ACT, 1894."

No.	Name of Applicant.	Name of Land.	Nature of Application.
500	Riwai Taipiha	Maraetaha No. 1c, or Kōpua	Complaining that the survey of one of the boundaries of the land is not in accordance with the decision of the Court.

APPLICATIONS FOR PROBATE.

No.	Name of Applicant.	Name of Deceased.
501	Mohi Tuamotu	Apikara Taruhae.
502	Wetini Rikirangi	Heni Puakanga.
503	Mere Roihi Haereone	Katerina Tokorangi.

APPLICATION FOR REMOVAL OF RESTRICTIONS REFERRED FOR INQUIRY AND REPORT.

No.	Name of Applicant.	Name of Land.
504	Mere Patereti and Tame Patereti	Whareongaonga C12 No. 4B.

APPLICATIONS UNDER SECTION 55 OF "THE NATIVE LAND LAWS AMENDMENT ACT, 1895," FOR APPORTIONMENT OF SURVEY CHARGES.

No.	Name of Applicant.	Name of Land charged.	Amount of Charges.	Name of Parcel made on Partition.
505	C. A. de Lautour	Rangatira 3B	£ s. d. 30 0 0	Rangatira 3B1, 3B2, and 3B2A.
506	C. A. de Lautour	Rangatira 3A	55 5 0	Rangatira 3A1, 3A1A, 3A2A, and 3A3.
507	C. A. de Lautour	Rangatira 3	67 7 6	Rangatira 3D, 3E, 3E1, 3F, 3F1, 3G, 3H, 3K, 3K1, and 3J.

APPLICATION FOR REMOVAL OF RESTRICTIONS.

No.	Name of Applicant.	Name of Land.
814	Maata te Kani and Te Eke Maki	Kaiti Nama 313 2F5.

Applications for Confirmation Certificates under Section 55.

Registrar's Office, Auckland, 28th June, 1902.

NOTICE is hereby given that applications have been made for certificates under section 55 of "The Native Land Court Act, 1894," confirming the alienations hereunder specified. All objections to the granting of such certificates must be lodged with me within fourteen days from the publication of this notice.

Auckland, Sec. 55, 1902-10.

JAS. W. BROWNE, Registrar.

THE ALIENATIONS ABOVE REFERRED TO.

No.	Nature of Alienation.	Date.	Name of Land.	Names of Parties.
12	Conveyance (C.A. 1902-64)	20th February, 1902..	Lots 8 and 9 of Section 16, Town of Raglan	William Fairtlough Dickey, of Auckland, to William James Smith and Stanley Foss, both of Raglan.
13	Transfer (C.A. 1902-65) ..	20th June, 1902 ..	Northern portion of Opuatia No. 8A	Maria Manning, wife of Arthur Wellesley Manning, of Waiuku, to Henry Willson, of Kaikohe, Bay of Islands.
14	Transfer (C.A. 1902-66) ..	20th June, 1902 ..	South-eastern portion of Opuatia No. 8A	Maria Manning, wife of Arthur Wellesley Manning, of Waiuku, to Henry Willson, of Kaikohe, Bay of Islands.

Sitting of the Native Appellate Court at Wellington.

Native Land Court Office, Wellington, 1st July, 1902.
NOTICE is hereby given that a sitting of the Native Appellate Court will be held at Wellington on the 8th day of July, 1902, to deal with the matter specified in the Schedule. All persons interested are hereby notified to attend.
 [Wellington, 1902-22.] R. C. SIM, Registrar.

SCHEDULE.

THE BUSINESS BEFORE THE COURT.

APPEAL by George Alexander Busby (by his solicitors, Messrs. Nolan and Skeet) in respect of a decision of the Native Land Court given on the 19th day of July, 1900, refusing confirmation of a transfer dated 1st July, 1899, from Rutene Ahunuku to George Alexander Busby, in Tokomaru B2.

Sitting of the Native Land Court at Wellington.

Registrar's Office, Wellington, 30th June, 1902.
NOTICE is hereby given that the matter mentioned in the Schedule hereunder written will be heard by the Native Land Court sitting at Wellington on the 4th day of August, 1902, or as soon thereafter as the business of the Court will allow.
 [Wellington, 1902-22.] R. C. SIM, Registrar.

SCHEDULE.

APPLICATION FOR PROBATE.

No.	Name of Applicant.	Name of Deceased.
236	Horace Danvers Baker and Alice Mary te Puni	Atanatiu te Puni.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

In Bankruptcy.—In the District Court, holden at New Plymouth.

NOTICE is hereby given that FRIEDRICH WILHELM JENSEN, of New Plymouth, Tailor, was this day adjudged bankrupt; and I hereby summon a meeting of creditors, to be holden at my office, on Thursday, the 3rd day of July, 1902, at 11 o'clock.

J. S. S. MEDLEY,
 Deputy Official Assignee.

New Plymouth, 28th June, 1902.

In Bankruptcy.—In the Supreme Court, holden at Dunedin.

NOTICE is hereby given that MARGARET PETERS, of Dunedin, Hotelkeeper (now out of business), was this day adjudged bankrupt; and I hereby summon a meeting of creditors, to be holden at my office, on Tuesday, the 1st day of July, 1902, at 2.30 o'clock.

C. C. GRAHAM,
 Official Assignee.

Dunedin, 25th June, 1902.

In Bankruptcy.—In the Supreme Court, holden at Dunedin.

NOTICE is hereby given that EDWARD KELLETT, of Ravensbourne, Carpenter, was this day adjudged bankrupt; and I hereby summon a meeting of creditors, to be holden at my office, on Thursday, the 3rd day of July, 1902, at 2.30 o'clock.

C. C. GRAHAM,
 Official Assignee.

Dunedin, 27th June, 1902.

In Bankruptcy.—In the Supreme Court, holden at Wellington.

NOTICE is hereby given that CHARLES THOMAS EMENY, of Wellington, Plasterer, was this day adjudged bankrupt; and I hereby summon a meeting of creditors, to be holden at my office, on Tuesday, the 8th day of July, 1902, at 11 o'clock a.m.

JAMES ASHCROFT,
 Official Assignee.

Wellington, 2nd July, 1902.

MINING NOTICES.

In the matter of the First Chance Gold-dredging Company (Limited), (In Liquidation).

AT an extraordinary general meeting of the members of the abovenamed company, duly convened, and held at Dunedin on Friday, the 20th day of June, 1902, the following extraordinary general resolution was passed:—

“That it has been proved to the satisfaction of this meeting that the company cannot, by reason of its liabilities, continue its business, and that it is advisable to wind up the same, and accordingly that the company be wound up voluntarily.”

And at the said meeting CHARLES STEPHEN REEVES, of Dunedin, Accountant, was appointed Liquidator for the purpose of such winding-up.

Dated this 26th day of June, 1902.

ALFRED JAMES,
 Chairman.

Witness—W. F. Arthur, Law Clerk, Dunedin.

801

In the matter of “The Companies Act, 1882,” and its amendments; and in the matter of the Mikonui River Dredging Company (Limited), (in Liquidation).

NOTICE is hereby given that a General Meeting of the shareholders of the abovenamed company will be held in my office, Government Insurance Buildings, 102, Princes Street, Dunedin, on Thursday, the 4th day of September, 1902, at 4 p.m., for the purpose of having an account laid before them showing the manner in which the winding-up has been conducted and the property of the company disposed of, and of hearing any explanation that may be given by me as Liquidator; and also of determining by extraordinary resolution the manner in which the books, accounts, and documents of the company and of the Liquidator shall be disposed of.

Dated at Dunedin, this 17th day of June, 1902.

W. E. C. REID,

802 Liquidator of the above-named Company.

In the matter of “The Companies Act, 1882,” and its amendments; and in the matter of the Wilberforce Gold-mining Company (Limited).

NOTICE is hereby given, in pursuance of section 202 of “The Companies Act, 1882,” that a General Meeting of the abovenamed company will be held at my office, West Street, Ashburton, on Saturday, the 6th day of September, 1902, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, for the purpose of having an account laid before them showing the manner in which the winding-up has been conducted and the property of the company disposed of, and of hearing any explanation that may be given by the Liquidator; and also of determining by extraordinary resolution the manner in which the books, accounts, and documents of the company, and of the Liquidator thereof, shall be disposed of.

Dated at Ashburton, this 25th day of June, 1902.

JOHN DAVISON,

Liquidator.

Witness—W. J. Cresswell, Solicitor, Christchurch. 804

THE GOLDEN MILE DREDGING COMPANY (LIMITED).

AT an extraordinary general meeting of the members of the above company, duly convened, and held at the registered office of the company, No. 12, Octagon, Dunedin, on Friday, the 2nd day of May, 1902, the subjoined extraordinary resolution was duly passed:—

Resolution.

“That it has been proved to the satisfaction of this meeting that the company cannot, by reason of its liabilities, continue its business, and that it is advisable to wind up the same, and accordingly that the company be wound up voluntarily.”

And at the said meeting it was resolved that JOHN ARMOUR HOPCRAFT, of Dunedin, Accountant, be appointed Liquidator for the purpose of winding up the said company.

Dated at Dunedin, this 27th day of June, 1902,

J. A. HOPCRAFT,

Liquidator.

800

LAND TRANSFER ACT NOTICES.

A PPLICATION having been made to me to register a mortgage of Lease No. 3879, from WILLIAM JOHN TUCKER to EDWARD NOEL BARRAUD, LIONEL AUGUSTUS ABRAHAM, and WILLIAM HENRY HARTGILL, being part of Section 364, Carnarvon, and part of the land comprised in certificate of title, Vol. xliii., folio 60, and evidence having been lodged of the loss of the said lease, I hereby give notice that I will dispense with the production of the said lease and register the mortgage as requested unless caveat be lodged forbidding the same on or before the 17th day of July, 1902.

Dated this 2nd day of July, 1902, at the Lands Registry Office, Wellington.

810

W. STUART,
District Land Registrar.

A PPLICATION having been made to me for the issue of a provisional Crown lease in the name of EDWARD MORRIS, of Tutaekara, Labourer, for Section 4, Karewarewa Village Settlement, being the land comprised in Crown lease, Vol. 9a, folio 242, and evidence having been lodged of the destruction of the said Crown lease, I hereby give notice that I will issue the provisional Crown lease as requested unless caveat be lodged forbidding the same on or before the 17th day of July, 1902.

Dated this 2nd day of July, 1902, at the Lands Registry Office, Wellington.

811

W. STUART,
District Land Registrar.

NOTICE is hereby given that the parcel of land hereinafter described will be brought under the provisions of "The Land Transfer Act, 1885," unless caveat be lodged forbidding the same on or before the 4th day of August, 1902.

3231. JABEZ WILLIAM MACE LUXFORD.—7½ perches, part Section 517, City of Wellington. Occupied by a weekly tenant.

Diagram may be inspected at this office.

Dated this 2nd day of July, 1902, at the Lands Registry Office, Wellington.

809

W. STUART,
District Land Registrar.

NOTICE is hereby given that the parcel of land hereinafter described will be brought under the provisions of "The Land Transfer Act, 1885," unless caveat be lodged forbidding the same on or before the 11th day of August, 1902.

1237. Applicant: FREDERICK WILLIAM ROBERT JOHNS.—1 rood 21½ perches, being portion of Sections 1 and 2, Block I., Town of Hastings, Heretaunga Block. Occupied by Percy Martin and other tenants.

Diagram may be inspected at this office.

Dated this 1st day of July, 1902, at the Lands Registry Office, Napier.

812

THOS. HALL,
District Land Registrar.

NOTICE is hereby given that the several parcels of land hereinafter described will be brought under the provisions of "The Land Transfer Act, 1885," unless caveat be lodged forbidding the same within one month from the date of the *Gazette* containing this notice.

3502. JAMES MARSHALL LENNOX, JOHN EDSON, and JOHN KENDERDINE.—Lots 15, 16, 17, and 27 of Allotment 18, Section 40, City of Auckland, containing 18 perches. Occupied by several weekly tenants.

3838. WILLIAM WARD BAKER.—Allotment 257, Town of Hamilton West, containing 1 acre. Unoccupied.

3865. ARTHUR CLEAVE.—Part of Allotment 5, Section 4, of the City of Auckland, containing 3 perches. Unoccupied.

Diagrams may be inspected at this office.

Dated this 28th day of June, 1902, at the Lands Registry Office, Auckland.

808

EDWIN BAMFORD,
District Land Registrar.

A PPLICATION having been made to me for the issue of a provisional lease in the name of JOSEPH WILLIAM HEAPS, of Purekireki, Farmer, for Section 32, Block IX., Waiapu District, being the land comprised in Crown Lease Register-book, Vol. xc., folio 183, and evidence having been lodged of the loss of the said lease, I hereby give notice that I will issue such provisional lease as requested unless caveat be lodged forbidding the same within fourteen days from the date of the publication hereof in the *Gazette*.

Dated this 30th day of June, 1902, at the Lands Registry Office, Dunedin.

813

H. TURTON,
District Land Registrar.

A PPLICATION having been made to me for the issue of a provisional certificate of title in the name of JOHN CUMMINGS, of Westport, Waiter, for Sections 383 and 384, Town of Westport, certificate of title, Vol. ii., folio 39, and evidence having been lodged with me as to the loss of the original certificate, I hereby give notice that I will issue such provisional certificate as requested at the expiration of fourteen days from the date of the *Gazette* containing this notice.

Dated this 30th day of June, 1902, at the Lands Registry Office, Nelson.

807

H. W. ROBINSON,
District Land Registrar.

PRIVATE ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOTICE OF MEDICAL REGISTRATION.

I, WILLIAM NICHOLS HORSFALL, Bachelor of Medicine and Bachelor of Surgery of the University of Melbourne, now residing in Auckland, hereby give notice that I intend applying, on the 28th July next, to have my name placed on the Medical Register for the Colony of New Zealand; and that I have deposited the evidence of my qualification in the office of the Registrar at Auckland.

WILLIAM N. HORSFALL.
Dated at Auckland, 24th June, 1902. 805

I, ADAM GUTHRIE BURRELL, Bachelor of Medicine and Master of Surgery, M.B., C.M., of the University of Glasgow, Scotland, now residing at Dunedin, do hereby give notice that I intend to apply, on the 25th day of July, 1902, to have my name placed on the Medical Register for the Colony of New Zealand; and that I have deposited the evidence of my qualification at the office of the Registrar of Births, Deaths, and Marriages, at Dunedin.

Dated at Dunedin, this 24th day of June, 1902.
803 ADAM GUTHRIE BURRELL, M.B., C.M.

In the matter of the Wanganui Gas Company (Limited).

AT a general meeting of the abovenamed company, duly convened, and held at the company's office, Wanganui, on the 28th day of May, the following special resolution was duly passed; and at a subsequent extraordinary general meeting of the members of the said company, also duly convened, and held at the same place on the 17th day of June, the following resolution was duly confirmed, viz.: "That the company be wound up voluntarily under the provisions of 'The Companies Act, 1882,' and that Messrs. W. P. Currie, F. A. Krull, E. Howe, J. Notman, J. Stevenson, and J. L. Stevenson, the present directors of the company, be and they are hereby appointed Liquidators for the purpose of such winding-up."

Dated at Wanganui, this 17th day of June, 1902.

W. P. CURRIE,
Chairman.
Witness to signature of W. P. Currie—Samuel T. Fitzherbert, Solicitor, Wanganui. 777

In the matter of "The Companies Act, 1882"; and in the matter of the Wanganui Gas Company (Limited).

NOTICE is hereby given that the creditors of the abovenamed company are required, on or before the 1st day of August next, to send their names and addresses, and the particulars of their debts or claims, and the names and addresses of their solicitors, if any, to William Purdie Currie, Frederick Auguste Krull, John Notman, Edward Howe, John Stevenson, and James Lockhart Stevenson, the Liquidators of the said company, and, if so required by notice in writing from the said Liquidators, are, personally or by their solicitors, to come in and prove their said debts or claims at such time and place as shall be specified in such notice, or in default thereof they will be excluded from the benefit of any distribution made before such debts or claims are proved.

Dated this 17th day of June, 1902.

FITZHERBERT AND MARSHALL,
Of Wanganui,
778 Solicitors to the abovenamed Liquidators

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